
nada Documentation

Release 4.0

IHSN

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NADA is an open source microdata cataloging system, compliant with the Data Documentation Initiative (DDI) and Dublin Core's RDF metadata standards. It serves as a portal for researchers to browse, search, compare, apply for access, and download relevant census or survey datasets, questionnaires, reports and other information.

Project home page: <http://www.ihsn.org/nada>

Documentation topics:

NADA requires PHP, a MySQL database and a web server.

1.1 PHP requirements

The minimum required version is PHP 7 with the following PHP extensions enabled:

- xsl
- xml
- mbstring
- mysql

For Microsoft SQL Server, you'll need **sqlsrv** extension for PHP.

Note: See section on PHP configurations for configuring your server for NADA.

1.2 Web Server requirements

- Apache 2.4 or later
- IIS 6/7.x or later
- NGINX

1.3 Supported Databases

- MySQL 5.x
















- Microsoft SQL Server with fulltext support

For MySQL, NADA supports version below 5.6 (no longer supported by MySQL community) but for better performance use the latest 5.7 or MySQL 8.

2.1 Installation

2.1.1 Download the latest NADA

- NADA source code is hosted on Github: <http://github.com/ihsn/nada>
- Visit the release tab and download the latest version zip file. <https://github.com/ihsn/nada/releases>
- Open and extract (unzip) the files to your local hard drive.

Name	Date modified	Type	Size
 application	6/16/2013 9:10 PM	File folder	
 cache	6/27/2013 11:31 A...	File folder	
 datafiles	6/27/2013 10:01 A...	File folder	
 files	6/16/2013 9:10 PM	File folder	
 images	6/16/2013 9:10 PM	File folder	
 imports	6/16/2013 9:13 PM	File folder	
 install	6/16/2013 9:14 PM	File folder	
 javascript	6/16/2013 9:11 PM	File folder	
 logs	6/27/2013 11:31 A...	File folder	
 modules	6/16/2013 9:14 PM	File folder	
 system	6/16/2013 9:11 PM	File folder	
 themes	6/16/2013 9:15 PM	File folder	
 xslt	6/16/2013 9:11 PM	File folder	
 index.php	6/16/2013 9:10 PM	PHP File	7 KB
 license.txt	6/16/2013 9:11 PM	Text Document	3 KB

2.1.2 Setup application folder

- Copy the files to a folder in the web server root folder. If installing on a localhost - for example the computer currently being working on – then copy and paste (or move) the files into the root folder (or a sub-folder) of the web server. If, however, the server is running on a remote host (such as an ISP), then this process will involve the use of a FTP client program or file manager from the ISP's Cpanel.

Note: The folder name chosen will in many cases become the URL for the catalog. Examples for a folder name might be – data, microdata, catalog etc.

- The root folder is located in different places depending upon the operating system/distribution and web server package you are using and it might be called htdocs, httpd, or www. On Windows servers this might be located in the inetpub directory and on Linux in the /var/www/html directory. Consult the documentation for the operating system being used or contact the ISP if unsure where the root web folder is.

2.1.3 Folder permissions

Change the permissions for the following folders and their contents to **READ/WRITE** and on Windows servers make sure the **IUSR_** user has **read/write/delete** permissions on these folders:

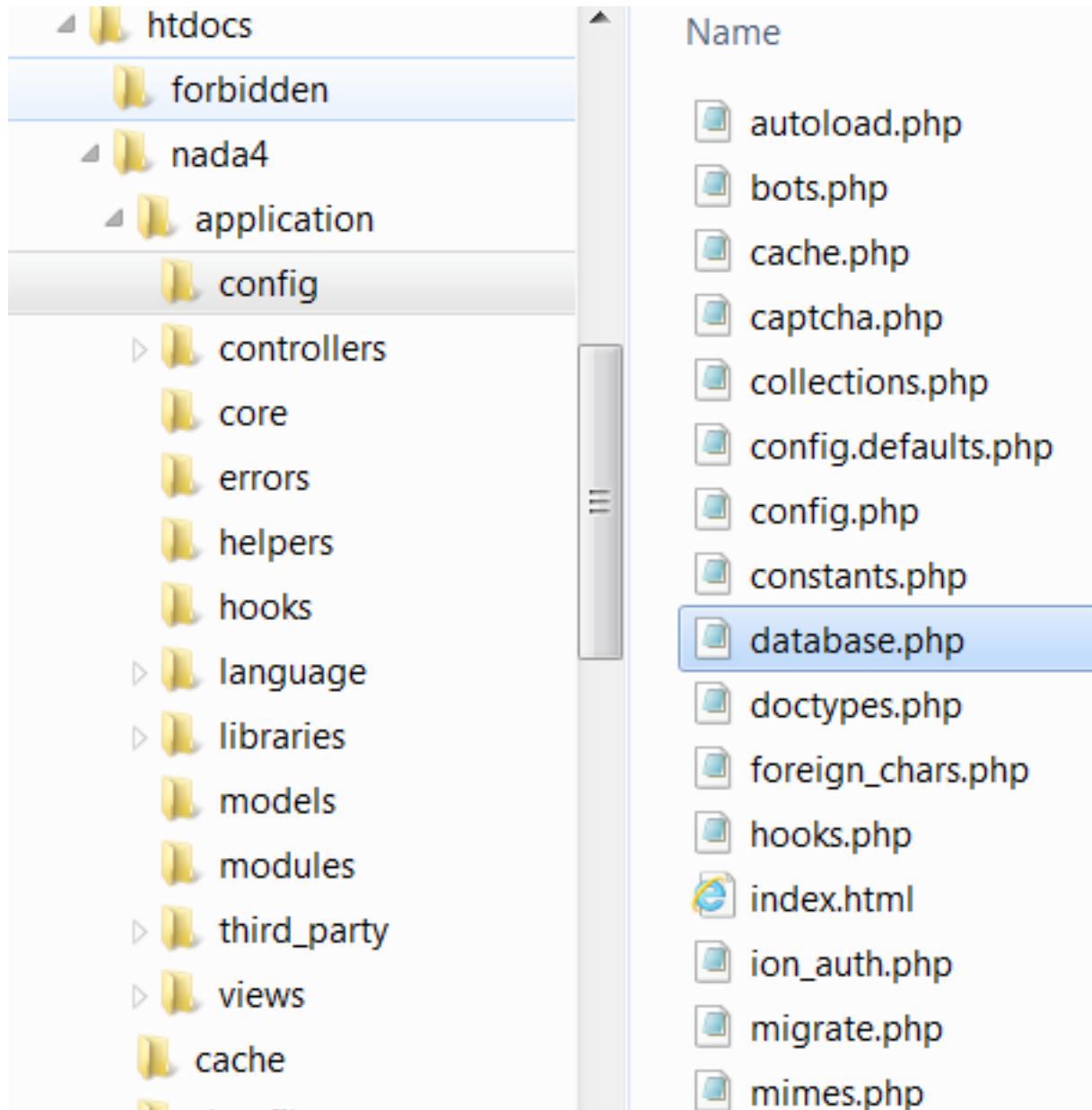
- **your-nada-web-folder/datafiles** – this is the folder where the application will store the DDI's, documentation and data.

Note: For added security, it is strongly recommended that the location of the datafiles directory be changed after installation to a location outside your web root structure.

- **your-nada-web-folder/cache** – this is where cached web pages will be stored
- **your-nada-web-folder/logs** – this is where the log files will be stored

2.1.4 Configure MySQL database

1. Browse to the **your-nada-web-folder/application/config** folder.



1. Open the **database.php** file in a text editor like Notepad or Notepad ++, and change the database user name and password to match the database user name and password.
2. Optional: change the database name to use another name.
3. Save the file.

```
$db['default']['username'] = "your-database-username";  
$db['default']['password'] = "your-database-password";  
$db['default']['database'] = "nada4"
```

Note: Do NOT use the root username and password (MySQL) or SA Account (MSSQL) on your production server. Create a separate user name and password for your NADA database. This can be done either from your Cpanel or from PhpMyadmin, MySQL Workbench.

2.1.5 Create database user account

The goal being to avoid using Root for your NADA configuration.

1. From the command line type:

```
mysql -u root -p
```

2. Enter your root password you setup when installing MySQL.
3. Now create a database for the NADA – in this example we call the database nada

```
mysql> CREATE DATABASE nada;
```

4. Now create a user who can access the new nada database and give the user only the rights necessary to run the NADA.

```
mysql> GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE, CREATE, DROP, INDEX, ALTER, CREATE_  
→TEMPORARY TABLES, LOCK TABLES ON nada.* TO 'nada'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY  
→'yourpassword';
```

5. 'yourpassword' can be anything you choose. 'nada' is the name of the database the user gets access to. 'localhost' is the location which gets access to your database.

Note: Remember this password, you will need it to configure your NADA installer!

6. Then exit MySQL console by typing exit.

```
mysql> exit
```

2.1.6 Running the installer

Open web browser to the location of the NADA installation. For example: <http://your-domain/nada-folder-name>, or localhost/nada-folder-name.

URL of NADA 4 folder → localhost/nada4/index.php/install

NADA Installer

Server information

PHP version:	5.4.7
DB version:	5.5.27 - connection was successfull
Web server:	Apache/2.4.3 (Win32) OpenSSL/1.0.1c PHP/5.4.7

Server information: Check, must be PHP 5.3+

Required PHP Extensions

Extensions	Enabled
xsl	✓
xml	✓
simplexml	✓
xmlreader	✓
gd (optional)	✓
zip (optional)	✓
mbstring (optional)	✓
mysql	✓

Required PHP extensions must be loaded on the server. mbstring is needed for the pdf generator and the gd library for the mail Captcha

Other PHP.INI Settings

Setting	Value	Recommended
file_uploads	Enabled	Enabled
post_max_size	8M	20M
upload_max_filesize	2M	15M
date.timezone	Europe/Berlin	See how to configure and select the right timezone

Recommended PHP.ini settings

Folder READ/WRITE/DELETE permissions

Folder	Read/Write	Delete
Catalog (datafiles)	✓	✓
Cache (/cache/)	✓	✓
Log (/logs/)	✓	✓

These folders must have read/write permissions

Install Database

Check that all settings are marked with a green tick and fix any that are not on your webserver before running the installer.

Click on the Install Database button and complete the form to create an initial Site Administrator account.

Note: create a complex password at least 12 characters long with some uppercase, punctuation and numbers to aid security of your site. Do not forget this username and password!

NADA Installer

Create administrator account

First Name *

Last Name *

Email Address *

Company

Phone

Country

 ▼

Password *

Password Confirm *

Create account

Congratulations: Launch the new site

NADA Installer

Installation completed!

The application installation has completed, the summary of the tasks is below:

Task	Status
Database	✓
Tables	✓
Admin account	✓

[Click here to launch the website!](#)

2.2 Installing NADA using Microsoft SQL Server

2.2.1 PHP database drivers (sqlsrv)

The new Microsoft SQL drivers for PHP are called SQLSRV and provide native support for connecting to a Microsoft SQL Server database.

The drivers are available for download from here: <http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=20098>

2.2.2 NADA Microsoft SQL Requirements

To use Microsoft SQL Server database for NADA, it is recommended to use SQL Server 2012, or later, with Full-Text support enabled. The full-text engine provides faster search than the normal SQL search.

The default installation of SQL Server does not include the Full-Text engine, so before continuing on to installing NADA, please make sure you have full-text installed on your database server.

To check whether you have FULLTEXT service installed and enabled on your instance of database, run this:

```
select FULLTEXTSERVICEPROPERTY('ISFULLTEXTINSTALLED');
```

The above statement should return a value '0' or '1'. '1' means FULLTEXT is installed.

2.2.3 Download drivers

Microsoft provides different versions of the SQLSRV drivers e.g. version 2.0, 3.0, 4.0. Please download the drivers that correspond to the version of PHP you have installed.

2.2.4 The Microsoft SQL Client

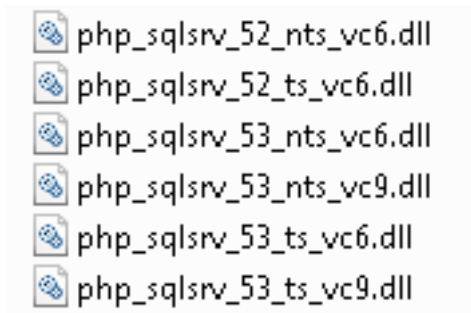
Microsoft SQL Client is required for connecting to your SQL database using NADA. The client is installed automatically if your database is hosted on the same machine as your web server. If your SQL database is running on a different

machine then you must install the latest version of the SQL Client on your web server to ensure NADA can connect to your database. See section on installing Microsoft SQL Client.

2.2.5 How to install the SQLSRV driver for PHP

Note: The steps are for version 2.0 but the same applies to any version of the drivers.

1. The drivers are available from the Microsoft website: <http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/en/details.aspx?FamilyID=80e44913-24b4-4113-8807-caae6cf2ca05>
2. Download the drivers and run the setup file.
3. The setup file will extract a number of .dll files to your PHP extension folder.
4. Browse to the PHP extension folder E.g. c:\phpext. Notice there are multiple dll files included all referencing _sqlsrv.



5. To find out which driver library is suitable for your version of PHP, create a php file using a text editor like Notepad e.g. info.php and place this code inside it:

```
<?php phpinfo(); ?>
```

6. Save the file and copy it to your web server root folder. Open your web browser and type the location and name of the file e.g. info.php into your browser URL. The phpinfo() function prints your PHP version and other configuration settings for PHP. For Example: localhost/info.php. To select the right sqlsrv DLL, you'll need to know:
 - The version of PHP. E.g. 5.3
 - Which compiler is used e.g. either VC9 or VC6
 - Check whether Thread Safety is enabled or not.

PHP Version 5.3.6

System	Windows NT PN3022058 6. i586
Build Date	Mar 17 2011 10:46:06
Compiler	MSVC9 (Visual C++ 2008)
Thread Safety	disabled

7. With the above values you would choose the file:

```
php_sqlsrv_53_nts_vc9.dll

ts=Thread safety
nts=Non-thread safety
```

8. Once you know which dll file to use, open the php.ini file using a text editor and add the following entry at the end of your PHP.INI file.

```
extension=php_sqlsrv_53_nts_vc9.dll
```

9. Save your php.ini file and restart your web server.

2.2.6 Testing the SQLSRV drivers and SQL Client

To make sure the driver/extension is installed correctly. Reload the phpinfo page and check if the extension SQLSRV is listed on the page.

sqlsrv

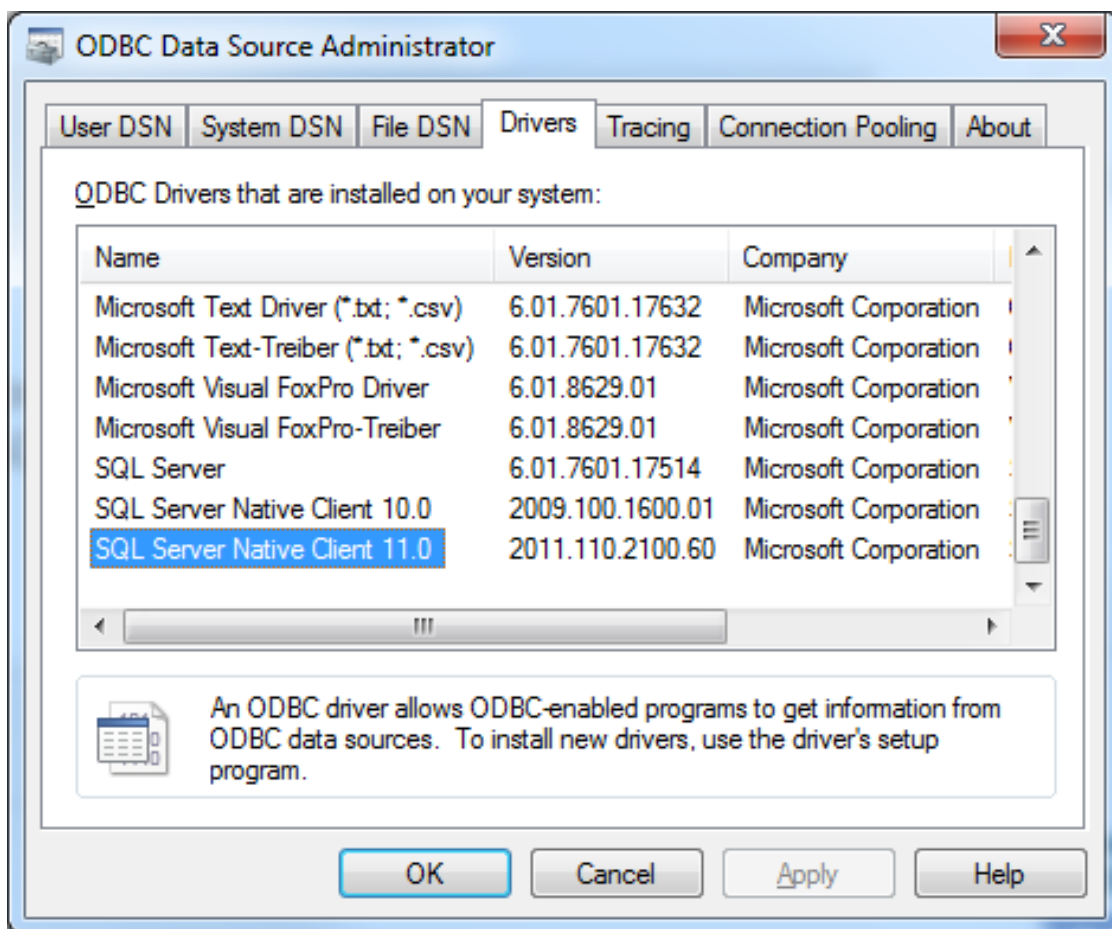
sqlsrv support		enabled
Directive	Local Value	Master Value
sqlsrv.LogSeverity	0	0
sqlsrv.LogSubsystems	0	0
sqlsrv.WarningsReturnAsErrors	On	On

If the extension is not listed on the page, recheck if the correct php.ini file has been edited. To locate the php.ini file being used by PHP look at the output of the phpinfo page in the section shown below.

Configuration File (php.ini) Path	C:\Windows
Loaded Configuration File	C:\Program Files\PHP\php.ini

This step is only required if SQL Server is not on the same server as your web server. To check if the SQL Client is already installed or not, follow the steps below:

1. Open Control Panel, Administrative Tools on your server
2. Open ODBC and switch to the tab “Drivers”



2.2.7 Download the Microsoft SQL Client

Note: The instructions here are provided for Microsoft SQL Server 2008, if are running on a later version of Microsoft SQL Server, the latest drivers can be obtained from the Microsoft website. The installation steps are the same.

The SQL Client is available from the Microsoft website from here: <http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details>.

aspx?id=16978

Download the appropriate package for the system being used i.e. (32bit/64bit) and run the installer to install the client.

Once the client is installed, restart your computer and check again from ODBC above to confirm that the client has been installed.

2.2.8 NADA Database configurations for SQLSRV

Create a database and the user account to use with NADA beforehand. The permissions need to include - create/alter tables, indexes. (See the following reference from Microsoft for instructions on how to do this.

- Database - <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms186312.aspx>
- User - <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/aa337545.aspx>

Open the nada database configuration file /your-nada-folder/application/config/database.php file and look for the following lines:

```
$db['sqlsrv']['hostname'] = "localhost\\sqlexpress";
$db['sqlsrv']['username'] = "db-user-name";
$db['sqlsrv']['password'] = "password";
$db['sqlsrv']['database'] = "nada-database";
$db['sqlsrv']['dbdriver'] = "sqlsrv";
$db['sqlsrv']['dbprefix'] = "";
$db['sqlsrv']['pconnect'] = FALSE;
$db['sqlsrv']['db_debug'] = FALSE;
$db['sqlsrv']['cache_on'] = FALSE;
$db['sqlsrv']['cachedir'] = "";
$db['sqlsrv']['char_set'] = "utf8";
$db['sqlsrv']['dbcollat'] = "utf8_general_ci";
```

Fill in the database connection settings for the database created for NADA.

Save the changes.

2.2.9 Running the installer

- Open a web browser to the location of the NADA installation. For example: <http://your-domain/nada-folder-name>, or localhost/nada-folder-name.
- If the Microsoft database connection is setup correctly, you should see the nada installer.

URL of NADA 4 folder → localhost/nada4/index.php/install

NADA Installer

Server information

PHP version: 5.4.7

DB version: 5.5.27 - connection was successful

Web server: Apache/2.4.3 (Win32) OpenSSL/1.0.1c PHP/5.4.7

Required PHP Extensions

Extensions	Enabled
xsl	✓
xml	✓
simplexml	✓
xmlreader	✓
gd (optional)	✓
zip (optional)	✓
mbstring (optional)	✓
mysql	✓

Other PHP.INI Settings

Setting	Value	Recommended
file_uploads	Enabled	Enabled
post_max_size	8M	20M
upload_max_filesize	2M	15M
date.timezone	Europe/Berlin	See how to configure and select the right timezone

Folder READ/WRITE/DELETE permissions

Folder	Read/Write	Delete
Catalog (datafiles)	✓	✓
Cache (/cache/)	✓	✓
Log (/logs/)	✓	✓

[Install Database](#)

Server information: Check, must be PHP 5.3+

Required PHP extensions must be loaded on the server. [mbstring](#) is needed for the [pdf generator](#) and the [gd library](#) for the mail [Captcha](#)

Recommended PHP.ini settings

These folders must have read/write permissions

- Check that all settings are marked with a green tick and fix any that are not on your webserver before running the installer.
- Click on the Install Database button and complete the form to create an initial Site Administrator account.

Note: Create a complex password of atleast 12 characters long with some uppercase, punctuation and numbers to aid security of your site. Do not forget this username and password!

NADA Installer

Create administrator account

First Name *

Last Name *

Email Address *

Company

Phone

Country

 ▼

Password *

Password Confirm *

Create account

Congratulations: Launch the new site

NADA Installer

Installation completed!

The application installation has completed, the summary of the tasks is below:

Task	Status
Database	✓
Tables	✓
Admin account	✓

[Click here to launch the website!](#)

2.3 PHP settings

2.3.1 Finding the correct PHP.INI

To make sure you are editing the correct PHP.INI settings file, create a PHP file (e.g. info.php) in your nada website folder with the following contents:

```
<?php phpinfo(); ?>
```

Open the phpinfo page in your web browser and you should see output similar to below screenshot. Edit the php.ini file displayed by the setting **Loaded Configuration File**.

PHP Version 5.4.10

System	Linux livdev.whbdns.com 2.6.32-042stab059.7 #1 SMP Tue Jul 24 19:12:01 MSK 2012 x86_64
Build Date	Jan 16 2013 15:24:03
Configure Command	./configure '--enable-bcmath' '--enable-calendar' '--enable-exif' '--enable-ftp' '--enable-gd-native-ttf' '--enable-intl' '--enable-libxml' '--enable-mbstring' '--enable-pdo=shared' '--enable-soap' '--enable-sockets' '--enable-wddx' '--enable-zip' '--prefix=/usr/local' '--with-apxs2=/usr/local/apache/bin/apxs' '--with-bz2' '--with-curl=/opt/curlssl' '--with-curlwrappers' '--with-enchanted=/usr' '--with-freetype-dir=/usr' '--with-gd' '--with-gettext' '--with-icu-dir=/usr' '--with-imap=/opt/php_with_imap_client' '--with-imap-ssl=/usr' '--with-jpeg-dir=/usr' '--with-kerberos' '--with-libdir=lib64' '--with-libexpat-dir=/usr' '--with-libxml-dir=/opt/xml2' '--with-libxml-dir=/opt/xml2' '--with-mcrypt=/opt/libmcrypt' '--with-mysql=/usr' '--with-mysql-sock=/var/lib/mysql/mysql.sock' '--with-mysql=/usr/bin/mysql_config' '--with-openssl=/usr' '--with-openssl-dir=/usr' '--with-pcre-regex=/opt/pcre' '--with-pdo-mysql=shared' '--with-pdo-sqlite=shared' '--with-pgsql=/usr' '--with-pic' '--with-png-dir=/usr' '--with-pspell' '--with-snmp' '--with-tidy=/opt/tidy' '--with-xmllrpc' '--with-xpm-dir=/usr' '--with-xsl=/opt/xslt' '--with-zlib' '--with-zlib-dir=/usr'
Server API	CGI/FastCGI
Virtual Directory Support	disabled
Configuration File (php.ini) Path	/usr/local/lib
Loaded Configuration File	/usr/local/lib/php.ini
Scan this dir for additional .ini files	(none)
Additional .ini files parsed	(none)
PHP API	20100412
PHP Extension	20100525
Zend Extension	220100525
Zend Extension Build	API220100525,NTS
PHP Extension Build	API20100525,NTS
Debug Build	no
Thread Safety	disabled
Zend Signal Handling	disabled
Zend Memory Manager	enabled

2.3.2 File upload limits

By default PHP allows uploads of 2MB which could be a problem if you have large DDIs and external resource files. To change the settings:

1. Edit the php.ini file in notepad and look for the setting **upload_max_filesize**
2. The line should look like:

```
; Maximum allowed size for uploaded files.  
; http://php.net/upload-max-filesize  
upload_max_filesize = 2M
```

3. Change it to the required file upload limit per your needs

```
upload_max_filesize = 50M
```

4. There is another setting that **MUST** be changed as well for the file upload limits to work. Look for the configuration **post_max_size** and change it to match the value for upload_max_filesize:

```
post_max_size = 50M
```

2.3.3 TimeZone settings

This is for setting the timezone for your application. To findout what is the correct timezone for your website, go to <http://php.net/manual/en/timezones.php> and find your country/city.

Example:

```
date.timezone = "America/New_York"
```

2.3.4 Increase page execution/timeout

This setting controls the maximum execution time of a page in seconds.

```
max_execution_time = 300
```

2.3.5 Increase PHP memory limit

It controls the memory available to PHP scripts.

```
memory_limit = 128M
```

2.3.6 Enable/disable PHP extensions

NADA requires the following PHP extensions:

- xsl
- mbstring
- mysql or sqldr

To enable XSL extension, add this line:


```
extension=php_xsl.dll
```

To enable mbstring:

```
extension=php_mbstring.dll
```

2.4 Configure Captcha

NADA includes a built-in image captcha and also the Google Recaptcha v2.

2.4.1 Using builtin Image Captcha

1. Edit the configuration file **application/config/captcha.php**.
2. Change the config option on **line 12** to **image_captcha**.

```

4  /*
5  |-----
6  | Which captcha driver to use?
7  |-----
8  |
9  | options are: none, image_captcha, recaptcha
10 */
11
12 | $config['captcha_driver']='image_captcha';
13
```

3. Save the file.
4. To test, go to the login page and click on the **Register** link and you should see the Recaptcha visible at the bottom of the User Registration form.

2.4.2 Using Google Recaptcha v2

To use Google Captcha please follow the steps given below:

1. To use the Google Recaptcha, you'll need to generate the public/private keys using the google recaptcha website.
2. Visit the Google Recaptcha website - <https://www.google.com/recaptcha>
3. Login to the website, or sign up.
4. Once you have logged in, go to the Admin console to **Register a new site** or visit <https://www.google.com/recaptcha/admin/create>

The screenshot shows the Google reCAPTCHA registration interface. At the top, there's a blue header with the Google reCAPTCHA logo. Below it, a light blue bar contains a back arrow and the text 'Register a new site'. The main content area has a 'Label' section with an information icon and a text input field containing 'your-nada-website.com'. To the right of this field is a page indicator '21 / 50'. Below the label section is the 'reCAPTCHA type' section, also with an information icon. It lists four options: 'reCAPTCHA v3' (Verify requests with a score), 'reCAPTCHA v2' (Verify requests with a challenge), '"I'm not a robot" Checkbox' (Validate requests with the "I'm not a robot" checkbox), and 'Invisible reCAPTCHA badge' (Validate requests in the background). The 'reCAPTCHA v2' option is selected, and the '"I'm not a robot" Checkbox' sub-option is also selected and highlighted with a red box. Below this is the 'Domains' section with an information icon and a text input field containing '+ catalog.ihsn.org'.

Google reCAPTCHA

← Register a new site

Label ⓘ

your-nada-website.com 21 / 50

reCAPTCHA type ⓘ

☐ reCAPTCHA v3 Verify requests with a score

☒ reCAPTCHA v2 Verify requests with a challenge

☒ "I'm not a robot" Checkbox Validate requests with the "I'm not a robot" checkbox

☐ Invisible reCAPTCHA badge Validate requests in the background

☐ reCAPTCHA Android Validate requests in your android app

Domains ⓘ

+ catalog.ihsn.org

- a. Provide a Label.
- b. For ReCaptcha type, choose **reCaptcha v2** > **"I'm not a robot" Checkbox** option.
- c. Submit the form, which will open a confirmation page with the **Site Key** and **Secret Key**. We will need the keys to be added to the NADA configurations for ReCaptcha.
5. Edit the NADA configuration file `application/config/captcha.php`.
6. Change the config option on line 12 to **recaptcha**.
7. Copy **Site key** and **Secret key** from Google ReCaptcha page and insert it on line number 51 and 52 respectively as shown in below image


```

42  /*
43  |-----
44  | Google's Recaptcha library options
45  |-----
46  |
47  */
48  $config['recaptcha']['apiserver']="http://www.google.com/recaptcha/api";
49  $config['recaptcha']['apisecureserver']="https://www.google.com/recaptcha/api";
50  $config['recaptcha']['verifyserver']="www.google.com";
51  $config['recaptcha']['publickey']="6LfvP-ESBGDANDm6KN0Ldt_Br88czhZb80yg9DI";
52  $config['recaptcha']['privatekey']="6LfvP-ESHTFDIK4VowJ6obEhejjMIaxl0CQ_7sD";
53  $config['recaptcha']['language']="en";
54  $config['recaptcha']['theme']="clean";

```

J. To verify Recaptcha, visit the user registration page in NADA and verify that you can see the reCaptcha similar to the screenshot below.

User Registration

First Name*	Last Name*
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>
Email Address*	
<input type="text"/>	
Country*	
<input type="text"/>	
Password*	
<input type="password"/>	
Password Confirm*	
<input type="password"/>	
<input type="checkbox"/> I'm not a robot  Privacy - Terms	
<input type="button" value="Register"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	

2.5 Email configurations

For the NADA to function correctly it is important that this step be completed.

Many of the functions within the NADA – such as registration and applying for access to datasets require that the

NADA be able to send emails to users.

There are two ways to setup your email configurations. 1) Create a email.php file in the application/config folder 2) Edit email settings on the site configurations page.

2.5.1 1. Configure email via email config file

A. Open the file application/config/email.php in notepad

B. Fill in the section using SMTP server with authentication enabled highlighted in below image



```
5  /*
6  //using php mail
7
8  $config['protocol'] = 'mail';
9  $config['smtp_host'] = '';
10 $config['smtp_user'] = '';
11 $config['smtp_pass'] = '';
12 $config['smtp_port'] = '';
13 $config['mailtype'] = 'html';
14 $config['charset'] = 'utf-8';
15 */
16
17
18 //using SMTP server with authentication enabled
19 $config['protocol'] = 'smtp';
20 $config['smtp_host'] = 'your-website.com';
21 $config['smtp_user'] = 'email@your-website.com';
22 $config['smtp_pass'] = 'password';
23 $config['smtp_port'] = '25';
24 $config['mailtype'] = 'html';
25 $config['charset'] = 'utf-8';
26
27
28 /*
29 //for gmail or any other SSL
30 $config['protocol'] = 'smtp';
31 $config['smtp_host'] = 'ssl://smtp.googlemail.com';
32 $config['smtp_user'] = 'name@gmail.com';
33 $config['smtp_pass'] = 'password';
34 $config['smtp_port'] = '465';
35 $config['mailtype'] = 'html';
36 $config['charset'] = 'utf-8';
37 */
```

C. For Gmail user will have to fill the gmail smtp section shown as below

```

5  /*
6  //using php mail
7
8  $config['protocol'] = 'mail';
9  $config['smtp_host'] = '';
10 $config['smtp_user'] = '';
11 $config['smtp_pass'] = '';
12 $config['smtp_port'] = '';
13 $config['mailtype'] = 'html';
14 $config['charset'] = 'utf-8';
15 */
16
17
18 /*using SMTP server with authentication enabled
19 $config['protocol'] = 'smtp';
20 $config['smtp_host'] = 'your-website.com';
21 $config['smtp_user'] = 'email@your-website.com';
22 $config['smtp_pass'] = 'password';
23 $config['smtp_port'] = '25';
24 $config['mailtype'] = 'html';
25 $config['charset'] = 'utf-8';
26 */
27
28
29 //for gmail or any other SSL
30 $config['protocol'] = 'smtp';
31 $config['smtp_host'] = 'ssl://smtp.googlemail.com';
32 $config['smtp_user'] = 'name@gmail.com';
33 $config['smtp_pass'] = 'password';
34 $config['smtp_port'] = '465';
35 $config['mailtype'] = 'html';
36 $config['charset'] = 'utf-8';
37

```

D. Save file

Note: Using a file for email configuration disable the email configuration page from the site administration.

- A. Login to your NADA as an administrator
- B. Go to Site administration, click on the Settings menu and choose “Settings”
- C. Find the section “SMTP settings”

SMTP settings

Protocol for sending emails

☐ Use PHP's builtin mail
☒ Use SMTP Server

Host name

SMTP port

Account username

Account password

- D. If the PHP/web server is configured to send email using PHP's MAIL function, select the first option and don't fill in anything else.

If your organization has a mail server and has have a dedicated account that can be setup for NADA, use the following settings: Check the radio button "Use SMTP Server"

- E. Enter the host name for the server
- F. Enter the port used by the server to send mail
- G. If required, enter the user name used to send mail on the server
- H. Enter the password used to send mail on the server

If the organization does not own a mail server, a Gmail account can be configured to be used with NADA.

- Check the radio button "Use SMTP Server"
- Host name: `ssl://smtp.googlemail.com` or `ssl://smtp.gmail.com`
- SMTP port: 465
- Account username: `email-address@gmail.com`
- Account password: password for the gmail account

Test the email settings

The quickest way to test if the email settings are working is to use the "forgot password" option from the user login page.

- Click on forgot password

[Login](#)

NADA	
Data Catalog	Citations





[Home](#) › [Forgot password](#)

Forgot password

Please enter your email address so we can send you an email to reset your password.

Email Address

- Enter the administrator or any other accounts email address.
- Check to the email account the mail was sent to.
- If no mail is received the settings are wrong and need to be corrected.

2.6 Tracking website traffic using Google Analytics

NADA provides basic website traffic tracking for study pages and downloads. The reports for site visits are available under site administration > reports > Study downloads.

2.6.1 Using Google Analytics

1. Sign up for Google analytics

You will need to sign up for an Analytics account (free), visit: <http://www.google.com/analytics>

2. Create a Google Analytics tracking ID for your website

The Tracking ID will have the format UA-XXXXXXXX-X. You will need to copy the tracking code (will look something like below) and add to your NADA theme.

```
<!-- Global site tag (gtag.js) - Google Analytics -->
<script async src="https://www.googletagmanager.com/gtag/js?id=UA-XXXXXXXX-X"></script>
<script>
window.dataLayer = window.dataLayer || [];
function gtag(){dataLayer.push(arguments);}
gtag('js', new Date());

gtag('config', 'UA-15191223-3');
</script>
```

3. Adding the tracking code to your NADA

You will need to find out the theme used by your NADA catalog. To do so, Open the file `/application/config/template.php` and look for the setting `theme_name`, see example below:

```
$template['theme_name']='wb';
```

The configuration setting *theme_name* points to the folder inside the themes folder in NADA. Locate the theme under the themes folder, and open the *layout.php* file in any text editor such as notepad or notepad++.

Paste the Google site tracking code just before the closing `</head>` tag and save the file.

4. Verify the tracking is working

To verify your tracking code is working, visit the pages on the NADA catalog and then go to Google Analytics to see if you can see any traffic under the *Real Time reports*.

5. Tracking file downloads

To track file downloads such as the data files or external resources. You will need to edit the *layout.php* file for your NADA theme and add the following code right after the Google Analytics code you had added before.

```
$(function() {  
    $(document).ajaxSend(function(event, request, settings) {  
        _gaq.push(['_trackPageview', settings.url]);  
    });  
  
    //track file downloads  
    $('.resources .download').on('click', function() {  
        _gaq.push(['_trackEvent', 'Downloads', $(this).attr("title"), $(this).attr(  
↪ "href")]);  
    });  
});
```

To view the downloads, see the *Events* page under *BEHAVIOR*.

Upgrading from previous versions

3.1 Upgrade from NADA 4.4 to NADA 5.0

For users with an existing NADA 4.x catalog an upgrade script is included that will update your NADA 4.x database to NADA 5. The process will modify your current NADA database. Please make sure you are running on PHP 7, see section *installation guide* for NADA 5 requirements.

Important: Backup your NADA database before doing anything!!

1. Make a backup of your NADA database.
2. Download and unzip NADA 5 files to a new folder on your web server.
3. Copy **application/config/database.php** file from your existing NADA and place it in the new NADA folder **application/config**.
4. Open the **database.php** and make sure the database debug mode is set to false:

```
$db['default']['db_debug'] = FALSE;
```

5. Change the database drivers to **mysqli**:

```
$db['default']['dbdriver'] = "mysqli";
```

6. Edit the configuration file **application/config/config.php** and enable *maintenance mode* by adding or enabling this line of code:

```
$config["maintenance_mode"]=1;
```

The line can be added anywhere in the *config.php* file.

```

630
631  /*
632  |-----|
633  | Enable maintenance mode
634  |-----|
635  |
636  | maintenace_mode    0=disabled, 1=enabled
637  */
638  $config['maintenance_mode']=0;
639
640

```

Warning: This step makes changes to your NADA database that are not undo-able so make sure you do make a database backup before this step.

7. Navigate to the URL for the NADA5 website: Example: http://your-nada5-site/index.php/nada5_upgrade/run
8. The upgrade will update database tables and indexes. For any failed updates, it will show the SQL queries and the error messages. You will need to run the failed queries on your database directly to finish the upgrade.
9. To verify the database upgrade. Open the NADA catalog page by going to [http://\[{}your-nada5-site{}/index.php/catalog](http://[{}your-nada5-site{}/index.php/catalog) page and verify all studies from NADA 4 are listed.
10. Edit `application/config/config.php` file and disable `maintenace mode` by setting the value for `$config["maintenance_mode"]` to 0.

3.1.1 Linking data files

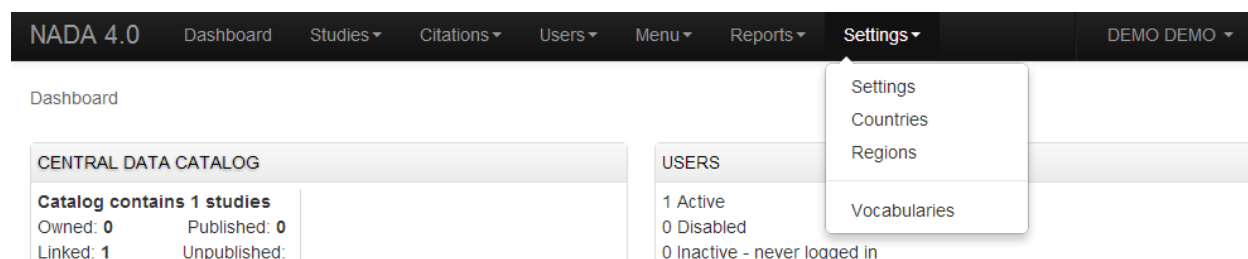
The upgrade script has only upgraded the database. It is now necessary to tell the NADA where to locate the datafiles that were uploaded to the original NADA website.

There are two options available:

Option 1: Copy the datafiles folder from your old NADA to the new NADA. This works best if you have only a few studies and the datafiles folder size is small enough to be moved easily from one location to another.

Option 2: If it is not possible to easily move the datafiles folder from your old NADA, you can tell NADA the location of the datafiles without moving the files. Here are the steps:

- Use your old NADA administrator login credentials to login to your new NADA 5 site.
- Click on Site administration in the top right corner of the screen.
- Go to the “Settings” menu and click on the “Settings” sub-menu.



- Under Site configurations, expand the “Survey Catalog Settings” section

- For the setting “Catalog folder”, enter the relative or full path to where the NADA datafiles folder is located. For example, if the nada4 datafiles are located on c:/nada4/datafiles, enter that path here.
- Save the configurations by clicking on the update button. If now errors are shown then you have successfully updated the folder path.
- Check your new NADA site to make sure the migration was successful
 - Check the “Data Catalog” page and view the studies by clicking on the study title to make sure the study information pages are correct.
 - Check the site menus are the same as your old NADA site.

3.1.2 Update study metadata

To update the metadata stored in the database for studies, metadata needs to be reloaded from the DDI files. The refresh DDI feature in NADA updates the database with metadata from the DDI without having re-uploading the DDIs. To update the metadata for all studies in your catalog:

- Open the following NADA URL in your browser:

[http://{\[\]your-nada-5-site{\[\]}/index.php/admin/catalog/batch_refresh](http://{[]your-nada-5-site{[]}/index.php/admin/catalog/batch_refresh)

- Select all studies
- Click on the “Refresh DDI” button

Transfer study owner

Select the collection from the list below to transfer ownership to another collection.

Select collection

Studies that will be transferred

- Popstan Multiple Indicators Cluster Survey 2010, Round 1

[Cancel](#)

3.1.3 Updating the Site theme/template

In NADA 5, website templates have been rewritten using Bootstrap 4. You will not be able to use your old NADA templates. Here are the general guidelines on creating or customizing the template.

- Themes are stored in the *themes* folder. The default template is named *nada*.
- Duplicate the folder *themes/nada* folder
- The *layout.php* file is the main file that controls the template. If you just want to change the site header with your own logo and/or text, edit the file 'header.php'.
- To use your custom theme, edit the [nada4-root]/config/template.php following the steps below:
- Look for the setting *theme_name*, by default it is set to *nada*:
- Change *nada* to the theme name you want to use. Theme name is the folder name you created for your custom theme.
- Save the file.

Note: See the Bootstrap 4 website for usage and styling - <https://getbootstrap.com/>

3.2 Upgrade from NADA 4.3 to 4.4

This is a minor update to fix issues related to newer version of PHP 5.6 and support for Flash for file uploads.

3.2.1 1. Apply patch to upgrade

- a. Make a backup of your existing NADA folders. If complete backup is not possible, please backup the “Application” and “System” folder
- b. Download the patch zip file: <http://ihnsn.org/download/nada43-patch-flash-n-php56.zip>
- c. Unzip the patch files in the NADA root folder to replace existing files

3.3 Upgrade from NADA 4.2 to 4.3

The upgrade includes changes to the theme and will not work with your existing NADA 4.2 theme.

3.3.1 1. Apply patch to upgrade

- a. Make a backup of your existing NADA folders. If complete backup is not possible, at least backup the “Application” and “Themes” folder
- b. Download the patch zip file: <http://ihnsn.org/download/nada42-to-43-update.zip>
- c. Unzip the patch files in the NADA root folder to replace existing files
- d. Run this query on the database to add the new “Open data” access type

Note: INSERT INTO forms VALUES (7,'Open access','open','open','1');

3.3.2 2. Update Theme/template

Important: The default theme has changed in NADA. This is a major change and will break your existing website layout/theme. To upgrade you theme, please follow the steps below:

2.1. Website using the default theme “WB”:

Edit the **application/config/template.php** and change the default theme name to “**wb2**” instead of “**wb**”

2.2. Websites with heavily customized theme

- a. Backup your theme folder
- b. Make a copy of the **themes/wb2** folder to create a new theme folder
- c. Apply all the customizations (header, footer, styles, etc) to your copy of the **wb2 theme**.
- d. Update the **application/config/template** to use your new theme.

3.4 Upgrade from NADA 4.x to 4.2

The patch includes a subset of files changed from version 4.x to 4.2. Download the patch - Download the patch <http://www.ihsn.org/download/nada42.1-patch-APR-24-2014.zip>

To apply the patch, follow the steps:

1. Make a backup of your existing NADA folders. If complete backup is not possible, at least back the “Application” and “Themes” folder
2. Unzip the files in the NADA root folder to replace existing files
3. Set write permissions on the language folder located at /application/language. This is needed for the upgrade script to update language files with new translations.
4. Run the upgrade script from [http://{\[nada-url\]}/index.php/nada42_upgrade/run](http://{[nada-url]}/index.php/nada42_upgrade/run)

Note: The patch does not overwrite the settings for database, config and template configurations.

4.2 Change log

The update includes the following fixes:

- Email settings can be setup using a config file instead of using the site configurations
- User passwords are hashed using a stronger encryption
- Updated Licensed Data Access administration page to filter requests by status type and increase number of requests listed on the page
- Added support for bulk requesting licensed datasets
- Added page for creating bulk data access collection on the site administration under studies menu
- Misc. formatting enhancements for the licensed access request forms and email messages
- Replaced CI SMTP library with PHPMAILER

- Misc. bug fixes for Manage study page
- Fixed double download counts for data file downloads
- Moved DDIIRDF under the tab “export metadata” on the study information page
- Excluded PDF documentation, DDI and RDF downloads from study download counts to make the download counts consistent with the study download reports
- Updated tab labels on study info page for data dictionary and study description and re-arranged tabs to make the external resources the default tab
- Fixed: Sorting is not remembered on browser back button for data catalog search page
- Fixed: On data catalog page, sometimes country selection dialog box shows up empty/blank
- Fixed: Refresh DDI changes the study ownership to ‘default’
- Fixed: Batch refresh ddi assigns the study to ‘DEFAULT’
- Updated variable information display: re-arranged elements to move categories list under literal question
- Fixed: Country mappings page does not work on IE [/admin/countries/mappings]
- Added a link to fix country mappings page [/admin/countries/mappings] on countries index page
- Updated: Replace DDI would not allow replacing a DDI with the same ID.
- Fixed: On Manage Study page, data access types filter resets on page navigation
- Fixed: On Manage Study page, page size resets on searching
- Fixed: On Manage study page, filters reset to none if user navigate to see more results
- Fixed: Tags are not deleted on deleting a study
- Added field/element “translated title” on study overview tab
- Added field/element “Questionnaires” on study data collection tab
- Added field/element “Version notes” on study overview tab
- Renamed section “Access policy” to “Data Access” and updated formatting for the data access page
- Updated: All fields from the Nesstar “IHSN 1.6 EN” template are displayed in NADA
- Added: No captcha option to show no captcha on register page if image or google recaptcha are not available
- Fixed: On copy studies to collection page - search does not work
- Fixed: Dashboard shows wrong number of studies with no questionnaires
- Fixed: Batch import DDI does not import all RDF entries
- Fixed: Duplicate external resources are not imported
- Fixed: Reset button missing from the variable search on study description page
- Fixed: PDF generator shows a blank page and does not generate a PDF
- Removed carousel from the home page by default and can be enabled by editing the home page file.

3.5 Upgrade from NADA 3

For users with an existing NADA 3.x catalog an upgrade script is included that will update your NADA 3.x database to NADA 4.x. The process involves modifying your NADA 3.x database and thus carries some risks. The script will add new tables to the NADA 3.x database. All user accounts and survey information will be retained by the upgrade.

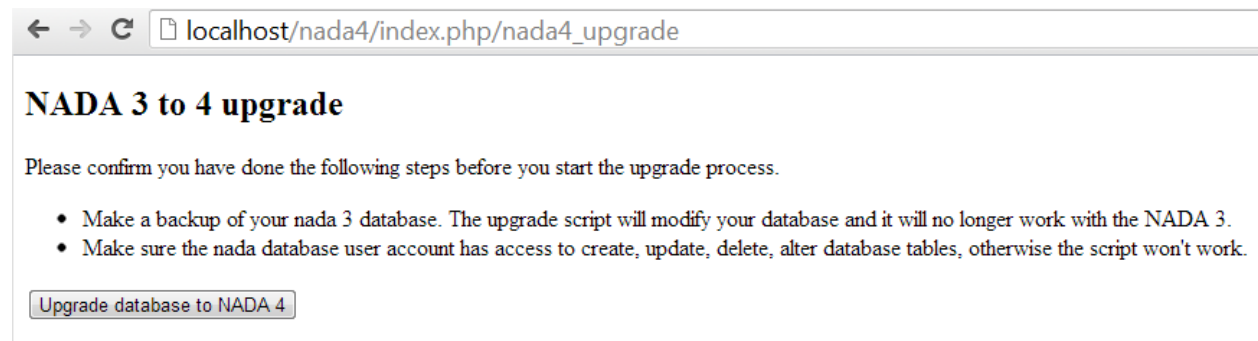
Important: Backup the NADA 3.x database before doing anything!!

1. Follow the instructions on page 4 and set up a folder in the web root containing the NADA 4 files.
2. Edit the database.php file as instructed in the section above: NADA database configurations for MySQL.
3. Instead of entering a new database name, user account name and password -fill in the details of the existing NADA 3.x database.

Note: These can be found by looking at the existing NADA 3.x database.php file and entering the settings into the NADA 4 database.php file.

```
$db['default']['hostname'] = "localhost";
$db['default']['username'] = "NADA3_database_username";
$db['default']['password'] = "NADA3_database_password";
$db['default']['database'] = "NADA3_database_name";
$db['default']['dbdriver'] = "mysql";
```

4. Save the file.
5. Navigate to the URL for the NADA4 site: Example: http://your-nada-site/nada4/index.php/nada4_upgrade
6. The following page loads:



Take note of the warnings and make any necessary corrections before clicking the “Upgrade database to NADA 4” button.

Warning: This step makes changes to your nada 3 database that are not undo-able so make sure you do make a database backup before this step.

Click on the “Upgrade database to NADA 4” button and wait for the page to reload. The output of the page will look something like below:

The script will print number of messages about failed table updates. This does not mean the script failed to upgrade. It just means some of the updates were not needed on your version of NADA 3. Different versions of NADA have different numbers of fields in the database and the upgrade script tries to fix the missing fields for all these different versions of NADA. If the existing NADA 3 database already has that field then it reports it as an error.

You can ignore the error messages that include the wording “Duplicate column name” or “Duplicate entry”.

Now your database has been migrated to NADA version 4.1. We will have to run one more upgrade script to for NADA version 4.2

7. Navigate to the URL for the NADA4.2 site: Example: http://your-nada-site/nada42/index.php/nada42_upgrade

Warning: This step makes changes to your nada 4.1 database that are not undo-able. This page will not show any message on the screen. You will be getting blank page. Please do not repeat the process

8. To verify the database upgrade. Open the NADA catalog page by going to <http://{{your-nada4-site}}/index.php/catalog> page and verify all studies from NADA 3 are listed.

3.5.1 Linking your NADA 3 data files to NADA 4

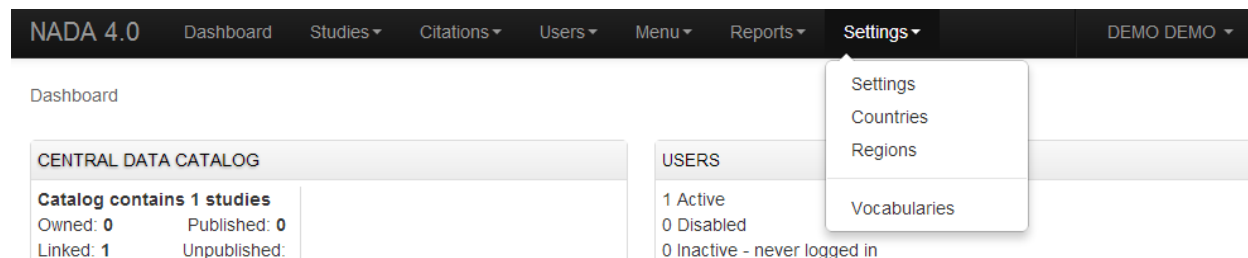
The upgrade script has only upgraded the database. It is now necessary to tell the NADA4 where to locate the datafiles that were uploaded to the original NADA 3 site.

There are two options available:

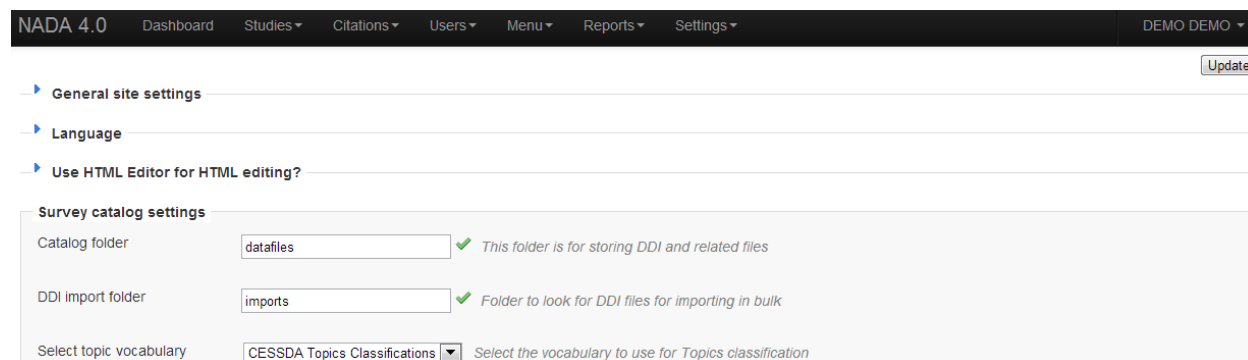
Option 1: Copy the datafiles folder from NADA 3 to NADA 4. This works best if you have only a few studies and the datafiles folder size is small enough to be moved easily from one location to another.

Option 2: If it is not possible to easily move the datafiles folder from NADA 3 to NADA 4, you can tell NADA 4 the location of the datafiles without moving the files. Here are the steps:

- Use your NADA 3 administrator login credentials to login to your new NADA 4 site.
- Click on Site administration in the top right corner of the screen.
- Go to the “Settings” menu and click on the “Settings” sub-menu.



- Under Site configurations, expand the “Survey Catalog Settings” section



- For the setting “Catalog folder”, enter the relative or full path to where the NADA 3 datafiles folder is located. For example, if the nada3 datafiles are located on c:/nada3/datafiles, enter that path here.

- Save the configurations by clicking on the update button. If now errors are shown then you have successfully updated the folder path.
- Check your new NADA 4 site to make sure the migration was successful
 - Check the user administration page from site administration to make sure the users from the nada3 site were migrated.
 - Check the “Data Catalog” page and view the studies by clicking on the study title to make sure the study information pages are correct.
 - Check the site menus are the same as the NADA 3 site.

3.5.2 Refresh DDI

In NADA 4, more information is stored in the database from the DDI than in the NADA 3. To bring all these new fields into the imported studies it is necessary to refresh the DDI's. The refresh DDI feature in NADA updates the database with metadata from the DDI without having re-uploading the DDIs. To update the metadata for all studies in your catalog:

- Open the following NADA 4 URL in your browser:

`http://{{your-nada-4-site}}/index.php/admin/catalog/batch_refresh`

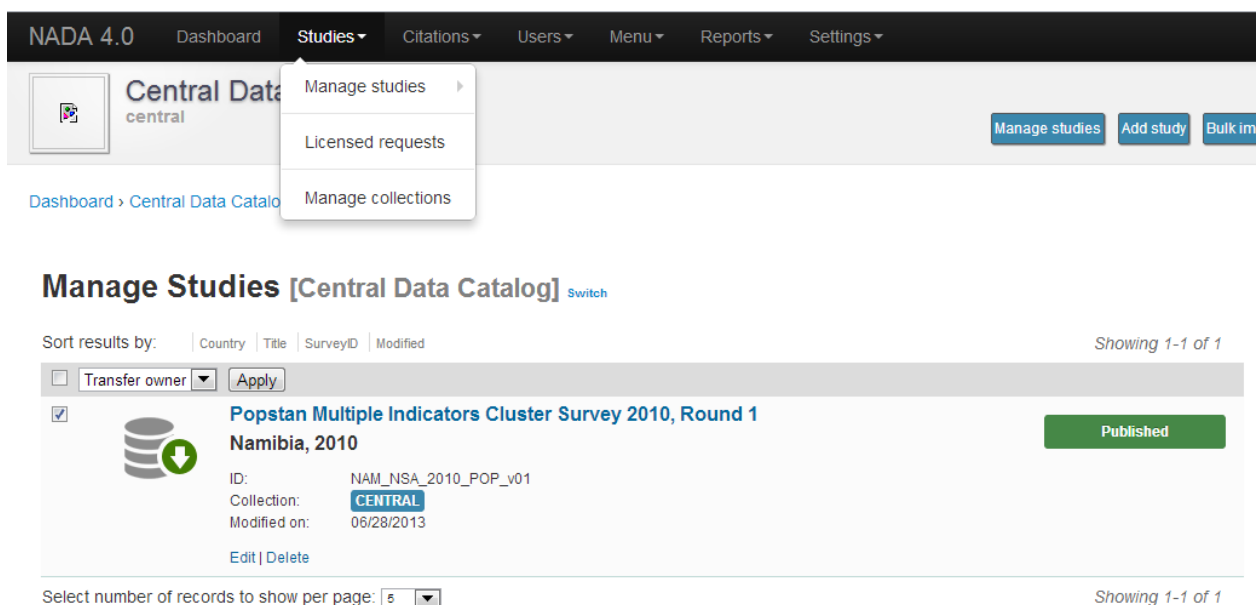
- Select all studies
- Click on the “Refresh DDI” button

3.5.3 Transferring ownership

NADA 4 has a collection management feature. When studies are imported from the NADA3 catalog into NADA4 they are put into a collection called DEFAULT. They need to be moved from this default system collection to the Central Data Catalog of the NADA4.

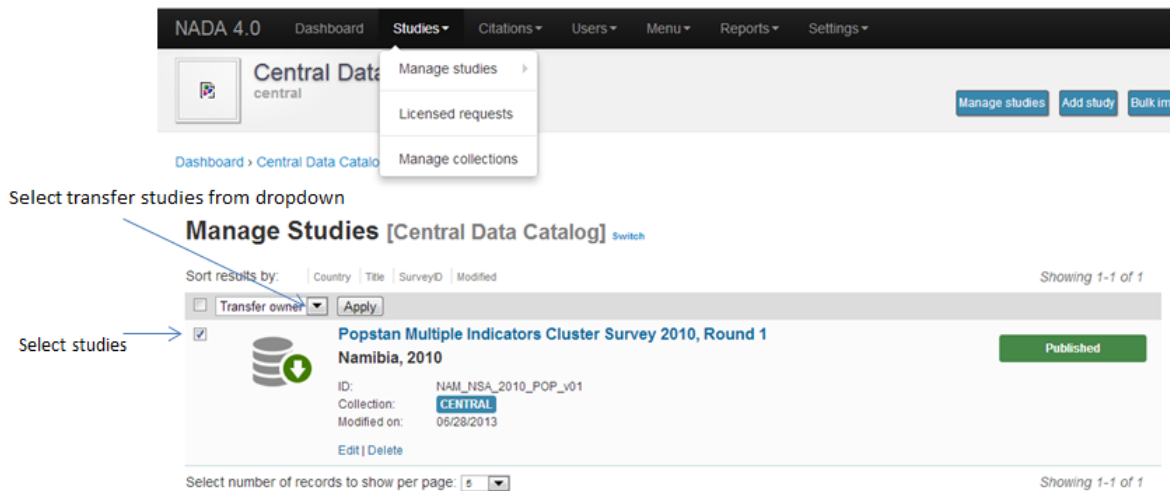
To do this:

- Go login to the Site Administration and navigate to the Studies, Manage Studies, Central Data Catalog page



The screenshot shows the NADA 4.0 interface. At the top is a navigation bar with links: NADA 4.0, Dashboard, Studies (selected), Citations, Users, Menu, Reports, and Settings. Below this is a sidebar with a 'Central Data Catalog' logo and a dropdown menu containing 'Manage studies', 'Licensed requests', and 'Manage collections'. The main content area is titled 'Manage Studies [Central Data Catalog]' and includes a 'Switch' link. It features a table with columns for 'Sort results by:', 'Country', 'Title', 'SurveyID', and 'Modified'. The table contains one entry: 'Popstan Multiple Indicators Cluster Survey 2010, Round 1' for 'Namibia, 2010'. The entry is marked as 'Published' and its collection is 'CENTRAL'. The table also shows the ID 'NAM_NSA_2010_POP_v01' and the modification date '06/28/2013'. At the bottom, there is a 'Select number of records to show per page:' dropdown set to '5' and a 'Showing 1-1 of 1' indicator.

- Select all the studies by ticking the check boxes next to each study on the right.
- Click on the dropdown menu and select Transfer owner



- From the Transfer study owner page: Select Central Data Catalog and then click transfer.

Transfer study owner

Select the collection from the list below to transfer ownership to another collection.

Select collection

--SELECT--

Studies that will be transferred

- Popstan Multiple Indicators Cluster Survey 2010, Round 1

Transfer Cancel

3.5.4 Updating the Site theme/template

You cannot use your NADA3 template in NADA4 without making some changes. Here are general guidelines but steps may differ depending on your nada site template.

- Copy your NADA3 template to the NADA4 themes folder.
- Edit the [nada4-root]/config/template.php following the steps below:
- Look for the setting “theme_name”, by default it is set to “wb”:
- Change “wb” to the theme name you want to use. Theme name is the folder name you copied to [NADA4]/themes/[your-site-theme] from your nada3 site.
- Save the file.

NB: The template may need some adjusting to run properly on the new NADA 4 site. This will involve editing the layout.php and other template files within the template folder which is now located in the NADA 4 themes folder.

3.6 Migrate MySQL to Microsoft SQL

TODO

4.1 Overview and core concepts

4.1.1 About NADA

NADA is a web-based cataloging application that allows for the creation of portals that allows users to browse, search, compare, apply for access, and download relevant census or survey information.

It was originally developed to support the establishment of national survey data archives. The application is used by a diverse and growing number of national, regional, and international organizations. NADA, as with other IHSN tools, uses the Data Documentation Initiative (DDI), XML-based international metadata standard.

4.1.2 Concepts

CENTRAL DATA CATALOG

The default catalog created when a NADA instance is installed is the Central Data Catalog. All studies uploaded to the NADA are visible, searchable and accessible from the Central Data Catalog. For many institutions the Central Data Catalog will remain the only catalog in their NADA instance. For some institutions being able to divide the contents of the Central Data Catalog into more refined collections will be desirable.

COLLECTIONS

Collections are sub categories of the Central Data Catalog. They allow administrators of a NADA instance to group studies into what can be thought of as sub-catalogs of the Central Data Catalog. This has a number of benefits both from the user and the administrator perspective. From the users' perspective, being able to filter and view groups (collections) of studies that logically belong together makes finding what they are looking for easier. From the administrators' perspective, the ability to create collections of studies that may logically belong together facilitates the ability to decentralize the management of each collection of studies to specific administrators (for example collections can be managed by different departments in an institution).

NOTE: The creation of collections will in general only be useful and necessary for large catalogs or for catalogs that desire more decentralized management of groups of studies by different departments.

STUDIES

Studies are carried out to gather more knowledge about a subject. Studies may gather information from a number of different sources in order to answer the questions asked. The information gathered for a study will, in the context of NADA catalogs, usually come from either a census or a surveys. It is therefore not uncommon to hear the terms survey and study used interchangeably when listening to people talk about their NADA catalog.

METADATA

Metadata are data about the data. They are not the actual data collected from the survey, but rather the information that describes the survey process and the data. The NADA uses the Data Documentation Initiative (DDI) – ddialliance.org – standard for the presentation of metadata for each study. The DDI document (which is an XML document) is prepared outside the NADA application either manually or using a tool like the Nesstar Publisher – nesstar.com – and then imported into the NADA. The detailed information about the survey is searchable down to the variable level for each survey in the catalog.

DATA ACCESS TYPES

The NADA allows for the level of access to datasets for studies to be controlled at the study level. In other words the level of restriction can differ from study to study and can be defined on a scale ranging from direct access, with no restrictions, to no access. Briefly the available access types are:

- Data not available - data are not available for this study.
- Direct Access Data Files - data shared under this policy can be downloaded without any restrictions. The user is not required to be logged into the site and no personal information is collected on the person downloading the data.
- Public Use Data Files - data shared under this policy requires that the user be logged in and registered on the site before they are able to download the data. The user is required to agree to a terms of use of the data and the application keeps records of who downloads the data.
- Licensed Data Files - data shared under this policy requires that the user be logged in and registered on the site. Users are also required to fill in and submit a detailed application form listing their reasons for wanting access to the data. Once the user submits the application form the system informs the system administrator that an application has been made. In order for the person to get access to the data the system administrator needs to review the application and approve it.
- Data available in an Enclave - under this policy no data is shared through the application. Users submit an application to access the data at a secure facility physically located on the premises of the data producer or a facility nominated by the data producer.
- Data available from external repository – The NADA allows for studies and their metadata to be listed in a NADA catalog but for a link to be created to another site when the data for that study are available elsewhere.

CITATIONS

Citations are references that can be included at the study level which point to published works that have used the data from a particular study. In many cases this will be a reference to a Journal Article, Working paper, Newspaper article etc. Such resources are useful to researchers who are interested in seeing how the data have been used before. They

are also a good way of showing the funders of surveys that the data are being used for policy and research purposes and thus are an indicator of some of the impact a study has had.

USERS

Users in the NADA can be defined according to three broad groups: * General Users – this is the normal user who registers on a NADA site from the user interface. This user type has no access to the site administration. It is required to register as a user when accessing public use and licensed data types. * Site Administrators (unlimited) – this user has access to all functions and all collections within the Site Administration. System wide access. * Limited Administrators – these administrators have access to a limited set of functions within the Site Administration. Examples would be an administrator of a specific collections, or licensed survey reviewer for all or only some collections, or report generator etc.

4.1.3 Why do NADA administrators need to understand these concepts?

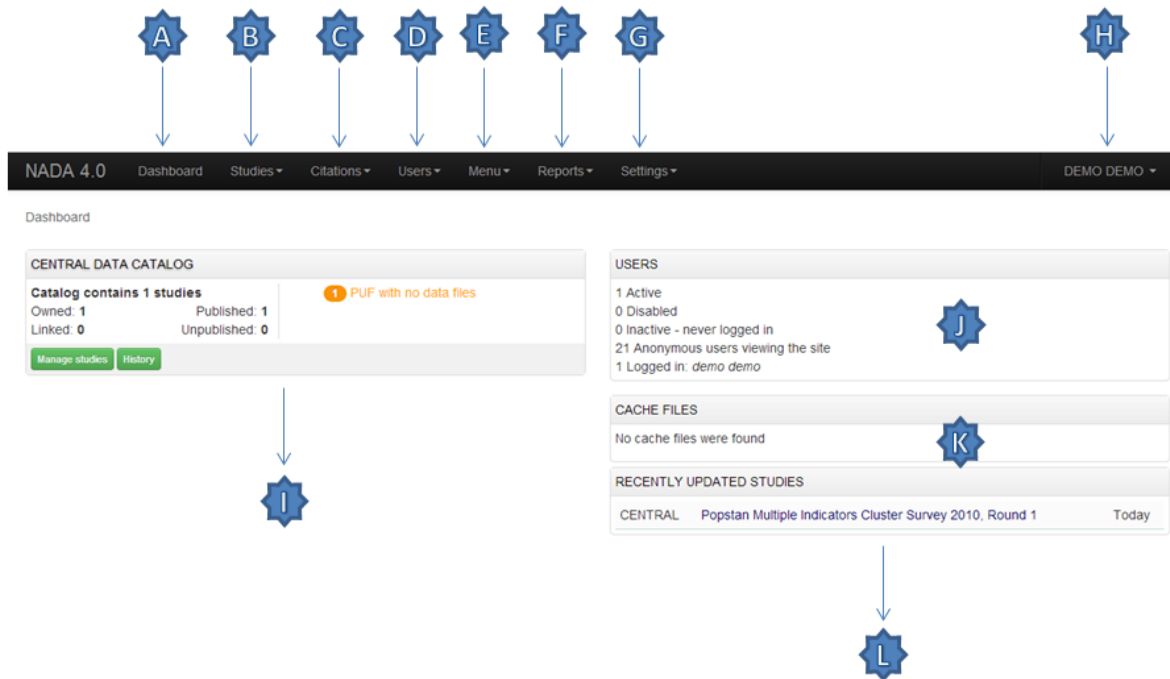
Understanding these concepts is important as it:

- Is critical to understanding the new permissions, and administrator types introduced in NADA 4. Administrators are now able to create collections within their NADA's and assign different roles to administrators and more granular levels of access to catalog administration at the collection level. It is now possible, for example to have administrators who's 'powers' range from being able to manage all parts of a collection's administration down to ones with more restrictive access such as ones whose only function is as licensed survey reviewer, or report generator, or catalog reviewer, or citation manager. etc.
- Ensures that the correct level of permissions and access is assigned to users based on security policies within the institution. Unlike previous versions of NADA, not all users who have access to the Site Administration need have the level of access of an "unlimited site administrator". This limits security risks associated with having too many "unlimited site administrators" managing a site.
- Assists in assigning an appropriate data access type to data based on institutional distribution policies.
- Makes it easier to explain more clearly to institutional managers what the capabilities of the NADA application are and to advise on how to best manage the allocation of responsibilities.

4.2 The Dashboard

After logging in to the Site Administration with administrator credentials the user is taken to the dashboard.

The Dashboard provides a quick glance summary for administrators to get an overall picture of what has been happening on the site as well as what pending tasks are outstanding for the administrator.



- A. Menu link to the Dashboard
- B. Menu link to the Study Management pages, submenus include: Manage Studies, Licensed requests and Manage Collections
- C. Menu link to the citations management pages
- D. Menu link to the User management pages, submenus include: All users, Add user and Impersonate User
- E. Menu link to create menu pages for the site frontend
- F. Menu link to generate usage reports
- G. Menu Link to the settings pages, submenus include: Settings, Countries, Regions and Vocabularies
- H. Useful navigation links, submenus include: Change Password, Log out, Catalog Home, Data catalog, Citations
- I. This section lists all collections in the catalog. Within each collection a summary is given of the number of studies along with diagnostics related to the number of studies published/unpublished, missing questionnaires, data access types set but with no data attached as well as some buttons links to Manage the collections, studies, users and a History of changes made to the collection
- J. Provides a summary of users, registrations and number of users currently logged in.
- K. Show how many pages are being cached on the site with a link to clear the cache if need be.
- L. Show a list of recently added or updated studies. Clicking on a study in the list takes you to the page to manage that study.

4.3 Manage Collections

4.3.1 Collections

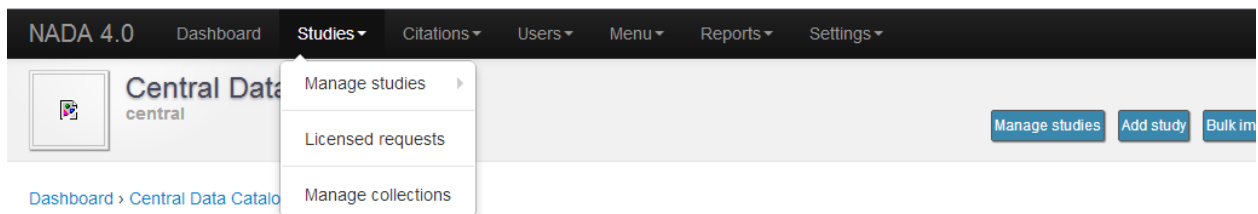
Collections are sub categories of the Central Data Catalog. They allow administrators of a NADA instance to group studies into what can be thought of as sub-catalogs of the Central Data Catalog.

Collections provide a number of benefits both from the user and the administrator perspective. From the users' perspective, being able to filter and view groups (collections) of studies that logically belong together makes finding what they are looking for easier. From the administrators' perspective, the ability to create collections of studies that may logically belong together facilitates the ability to decentralize the management of each collection of studies to specific administrators (for example collections can be managed by different departments in an institution).

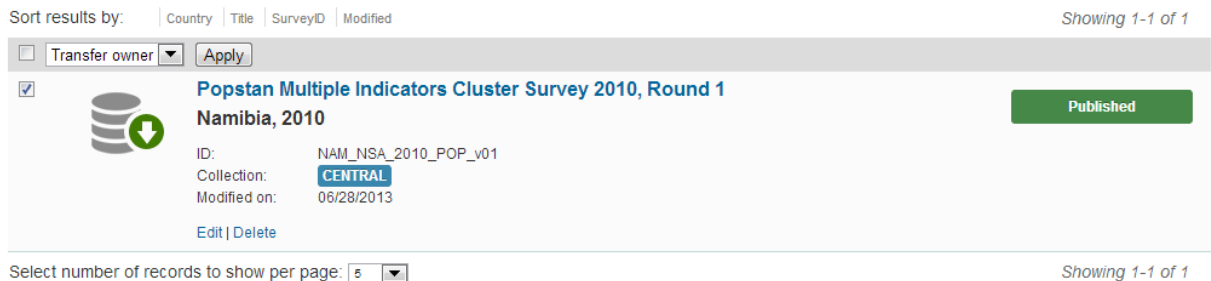
Note: The creation of collections will in general only be useful and necessary for large catalogs or for catalogs that desire more decentralized management of groups of studies by different departments.

4.3.2 Creating collections

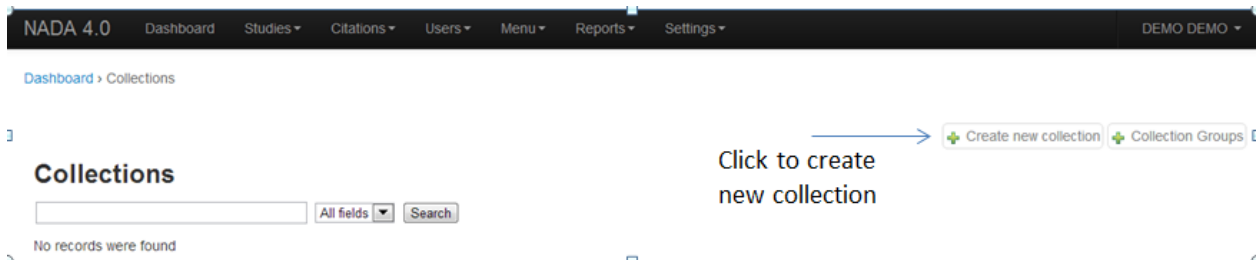
- Login to the Site administration using an administrator password.
- Collections are managed and created by going to the Studies, Manage collections menu link.



Manage Studies [Central Data Catalog] [Switch](#)



- There are no collections defined in the default NADA 4 installation.



- To create a new collection click on the Create new collection button.

Dashboard > Collections > Add

Collections Create new collection Collection Groups

Create new collection

A Collection Identification* **Title***
 DHS Health Surveys

B Short description*
 The Health Surveys Collection is a collection of all health surveys conducted by the Statistics Office as well as other data producers.

C Long description (this will become the collection about page)*
 The Health Surveys collection aims to provide frequent high quality and timely health data needed by the decision makers when designing public health programs.
 Health surveys provide useful information on health status and health consumption and their determinants.

D Thumbnail*
 Provide thumbnail path
 files/icon-blank.png
 OR upload a thumbnail file (gif,png,jpg)
 Choose File dhs-icon.jpg

E Weight* Select collection type section* Published
 0 Internal Specialized Collections Publish

Submit Cancel

- A. Under Collection Identification, provide a short name for the collection. This will become the URL for the collection so pick carefully. For Title, fill in the fill title for the collection. This will be the name displayed at the top of the collection page.
- B. Fill in a 3 or four line short description of the collection. This text will display on the front end in the collections list. For examples see: <http://microdata.worldbank.org/index.php/contributing-catalogs>
- C. Fill in a more detailed description of the collection. This will display on the About page for that collection. For example see: <http://microdata.worldbank.org/index.php/catalog/dhs/about>

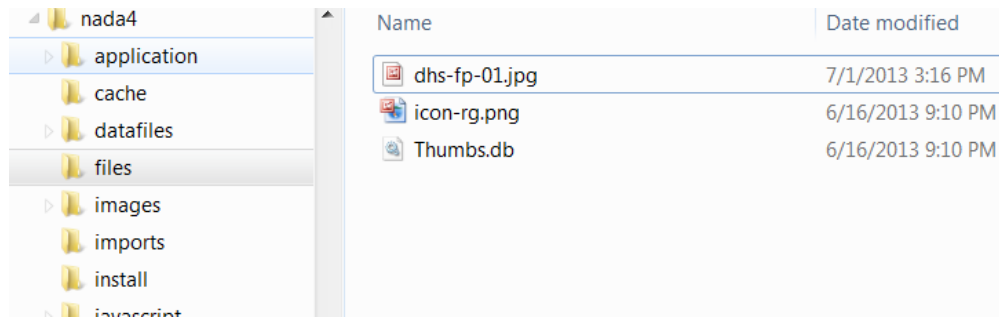
To format the page and include images it is possible to enter HTML code into this box: below is an example piece of code that includes an image.

```

1 
2 <h2> Health Surveys Collection</h2>
3 <p align="justify">The Health Surveys collection aims to provide,
  ↪ frequent
4 high quality and timely health data needed by the decision makers,
  ↪ when designing
5 public health programs.</p>
6 <p>Health surveys provide useful information on health status and,
  ↪ health
7 consumption and their determinants.</p>

```

Copy any images to be displayed into the NADA “files” folder on your server



- D. Upload a file to display next to the collection as it is listed on the collection page. NOTE: This image should be 82 X 82 pixels. If the upload does not work automatically then copy the thumbnail image to the “files” folder as shown above.

Upload thumbnail or copy to the files folder and enter the path to the image here

Thumbnail *

Provide thumbnail path

OR upload a thumbnail file (gif,png,jpg)

No file chosen

E. The Weight field determines in what order collections are shown in the collection list. 0,1,2,3 etc. The Select collection type drop-down is a system value to distinguish between collections that should be viewed as internal to the organization or external. For example, some collections may be made up entirely of studies from an organization outside the host catalog. These collections can be designated as external. The Section dropdown allows for the categorization as either a collection based on a specialized collection (like health) or based on a regional breakdown. Selecting Publish – publishes the collection.

Note: Collection types: NADA supports two types of collections

Internal: These collection types are not displayed on the public front-end and can only be used for organized content for administrative purposes. External: These collections are listed on the front-end when published.


- Click on Submit to save the changes.

To view the results click on the Preview link on the far right:

Preview					
ID	Title	Type	Weight	Status	Actions
DHS	Health Surveys	Internal	<input type="text" value="0"/>	Published	Edit Delete Permissions Preview

Health Surveys

[About](#) [Datasets](#) [Citations](#)



Health Surveys Collection

The Health Surveys collection aims to provide frequent high quality and timely health data needed by the decision makers when designing public health programs.

Health surveys provide useful information on health status and health consumption and their determinants.

[Visit catalog](#)

- The new collection now also shows in the collection list on the Central Catalog About page (this is where the thumbnail and short description fields are displayed).

Central Data Catalog

[About](#) [Datasets](#) [Citations](#)

The Kenya National Bureau of Statistics Microdata Portal (KeNADA)


A core mandate of the Kenya National Bureau of Statistics is the publication and dissemination of statistical information for public use.

The The Kenya National Bureau of Statistics Microdata Portal provides access to searchable information on census and survey data for Kenya. This includes survey and census data produced by The Kenya National Bureau of Statistics (KNBS) as well as by other institutions.

Where appropriate the portal allows access to the data from these surveys. In cases where the data are held in repositories outside the KNBS a link is provided to where the data may be obtained.

[Visit catalog](#)

SPECIALIZED COLLECTIONS



Health Surveys

The Health Surveys Collection is a collection of all health surveys conducted by the Statistics Office as well as other data producers.

- Visiting the Dashboard will now also show the new collection listed below the Central Data Catalog. With a number of green buttons as shortcut links to manage the studies on the collection, assign administrators for the collection, a history of activity on the collection and a link to edit the collection as in the steps above.

Dashboard

CENTRAL DATA CATALOG

Catalog contains 4 studies

Owned: 4

Published: 4

Linked: 0

Unpublished: 0

3 PUF with no data files

1 pending requests

Manage studies

History

COLLECTION: HEALTH SURVEYS

Collection contains 0 studies

Owned: 0

Published: 0

Linked: 0

Unpublished: 0

Manage studies

Administrators

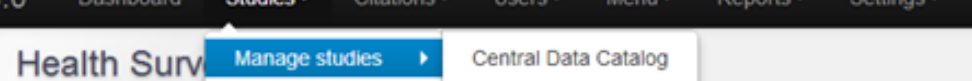
History

Edit collection

4.3.3 Manually adding studies to a collection

There are 2 ways to get studies into the new catalog:

- The first is to upload a DDI and all its resources to the collection in the same way as described in the earlier section – Uploading a Study. Except instead of choosing Central Catalog chose the collection you want to upload the study to.



NADA 4.0 Dashboard Studies Citations Users Menu Reports Settings

Health Surveys DHS

Manage studies

Central Data Catalog Health Surveys

Licensed requests

Manage collections

Manage studies

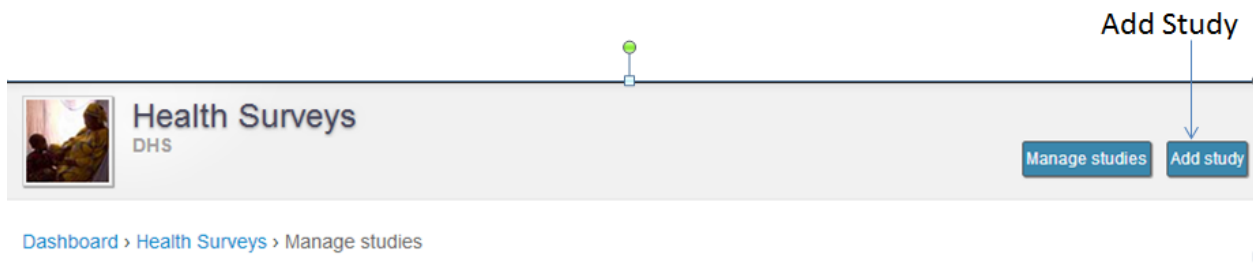
Dashboard > Health Surveys > Manage studies

Manage Studies [Health Surveys] [Switch](#)

No records were found

New catalog to manage

- Click on the Add Study button and upload a DDI and RDF and all your resources as described in the earlier section – Uploading a Study



Manage Studies [Health Surveys] [Switch](#)

No records were found

- Once a study is added in this way it displays in the Manage Studies list. Notice that the collection summary field shows that the study belongs to (is Owned By) the DHS collection (this was the Short name defined in the example when the Health Surveys Collection was created).

Manage Studies [Central Data Catalog] [Switch](#)

Sort results by: [Country](#) | [Title](#) | [SurveyID](#) | [Modified](#) Showing 1-5 of 5

☐ Batch actions [Apply](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Demographic and Health Survey 2003 South Africa, 2003 - 2004</p> <p>ID: ZAF_2003_DHS_v01_M Collection: DHS Modified on: 07/01/2013</p> <p>Edit Remove</p>
<input type="checkbox"/>	<p>Demographic and Health Survey 1992 Namibia, 1992</p> <p>ID: NAM_1992_DHS_v01_M Collection: CENTRAL Modified on: 07/01/2013</p> <p>Edit Delete</p> <p style="text-align: right;">Published</p>

All studies uploaded to collections will automatically be added to the Central Data Catalog in order to build a common search portal for all studies.

4.3.4 Copying studies from one collection to another

- The second way to add a study to a collection is to **Copy the study** from another collection into the new collection.
- To copy a study already in the catalog to display in the new collection first make sure to be in the Manage Studies section for the collection you want to put studies into. To do this either use the Studies – Manage studies menu on the top or simply click on the Switch link next to the Manage Studies [Collection Title] heading.

Manage Studies [Health Surveys] [Switch](#)

Sort results by: [Country](#) | [Title](#) | [SurveyID](#) | [Modified](#) Showing 1-1 of 1

☐ [Batch actions](#) [Apply](#)

☐ **Demographic and Health Survey 2003** **South Africa, 2003 - 2004** [Published](#)

ID: ZAF_2003_DHS_v01_M
Collection: **DHS**
Modified on: 07/01/2013
[Edit](#) | [Delete](#)

Select number of records to show per page: Showing 1-1 of 1

- Then Click on the Copy Studies blue button at the top right.

[Manage studies](#) [Add study](#) [Bulk import DDI](#) [Copy studies](#) [Licensed requests](#)

- A list of all studies available to copy to the new collection is listed. Simply click on the Link button in green to copy the study to the collection. The button will turn red and say Unlink. To reverse the process and click the now red button.

Copy studies to **Health Surveys**

Click on the [Link](#) or [Unlink](#) buttons to link or unlink studies.

[All fields](#) [Search](#)

Studies linked from other collections: 0 Showing 1-4 of 4

Collection	Country	Title	Modified	Actions
CENTRAL	Namibia	Demographic and Health Survey 1992 - 1992	07/01/2013	Unlink
CENTRAL	Namibia	Demographic and Health Survey 2000 - 2000	07/01/2013	Unlink
CENTRAL	Namibia	Demographic and Health Survey 2006-2007 - 2007	07/01/2013	Unlink
CENTRAL	Namibia	Popstan Multiple Indicators Cluster Survey 2010, Round 1 - 2010	06/28/2013	Link

Select number of records to show per page: Showing 1-4 of 4

- Going back to the Manage Studies page for the collection will show the newly copied studies in the collection list. Also note that the Collection field now indicated DHS next to Central. DHS is in grey to indicate it is not owned (it is a copy) by that collection and the Central is in blue to show it is owned by the Central Data Catalog. Also note that because the study is not owned by this catalog it cannot be edited from this catalog – hence the publish/unpublish green button is absent for the copied studies

4.3.5 Turning on the collection filter

The final step after creating the first collection is to enable the collection filter option in the Settings menus under Site Configurations – Survey catalog settings

The screenshot shows the NADA 4.0 interface. At the top is a dark navigation bar with links: NADA 4.0, Dashboard, Studies, Citations, Users, Menu, Reports, and Settings. A blue arrow points to the 'Settings' link. Below the navigation bar is a breadcrumb trail: Dashboard > settings. The main heading is 'Site Configurations'. Under this heading are three expandable sections: 'General site settings', 'Language', and 'Use HTML Editor for HTML editing?'. The 'Survey catalog settings' section is expanded, showing various configuration options. A blue arrow points to the 'Collection filter' option, which is currently set to 'Enable'. To the right of this arrow, the text 'Enable to view collection filter on front end' is displayed.

Survey catalog settings

Catalog folder	<input type="text" value="datafiles"/>	✓ This folder is for storing DDI and related files
DDI import folder	<input type="text" value="imports"/>	✓ Folder to look for DDI files for importing in bulk
Select topic vocabulary	<input type="text" value="CESSDA Topics Classifications"/>	Select the vocabulary to use for Topics classification
Regional filter	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable	
Topic filter	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable	
Year filter	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable	
Collection filter	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Enable <input type="radio"/> Disable	Enable to view collection filter on front end
Data access filter	<input type="radio"/> Enable <input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable	

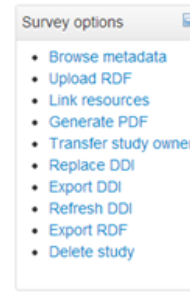
4.3.6 Transferring study ownership

In the previous examples mention was made of studies uploaded to a catalog being owned by that catalog. There may be cases where transferring the ownership from one catalog to another will be desirable. This will become clearer in the next section on user roles but for now the next steps show how transferring ownership from one collection to another can be done.

- Transferring ownership from one collection to another has to be done by the owner of the collection and from the collection it is currently owned by.
- To transfer ownership Go to the Manage Studies screen and select the study to be transferred. Open up the Edit Study page by clicking on the study Title.
- On the right hand side of the screen click on the Transfer study owner link.

Demographic and Health Survey 1992

Reference No.	NAM_1992_DHS_v01_M
Year	1992
Country	Namibia
Publisher	Ministry of Health and Social Services (MOHSS)
Sponsor	Government of Japan - - Funding World Bank - - Channel of delivery
Folder	central/8f4571b3c88b73807148c3089314541f
Collection	CENTRAL DHS



Transfer owner

- Select the collection to transfer from the dropdown box.

Transfer study owner

Select the collection from the list below to transfer ownership to another collection.


Select collection

Studies that will be transferred

- Demographic and Health Survey 1992

Transfer Cancel

- Click Transfer
- Note: that when looking the study summary for the transferred study the Collection field now shows the study to belong (owned by) to the DHS collection and not Central anymore. Also note the option to Publish and unpublish is now active.

☐


Demographic and Health Survey 1992

Namibia, 1992

ID: NAM_1992_DHS_v01_M

Collection: **DHS**

Modified on: 07/01/2013

[Edit](#) | [Delete](#)

Published





- To transfer ownership of a large number of studies all at once - from the Manage Studies page – select the studies to be transferred (tick them in the box left of each study) and then from the top Batch Actions drop down, select Transfer owner – then apply.

Manage Studies [Health Surveys] Switch

Sort results by: [Country](#) | [Title](#) | [SurveyID](#) | [Modified](#) Showing 1-4 of 4

☐ Batch actions

☐ Batch actions
 ☒ Transfer owner
 ☐ Publish
 ☐ unpublish
 ☐ Delete

<input type="checkbox"/>	 Demographic and Health Survey 2003 South Africa, 2003 - 2004 Published
	ID: ZAF_2003_DHS_v01_M Collection: DHS Modified on: 07/01/2013 Edit Delete
<input type="checkbox"/>	 Demographic and Health Survey 1992 Namibia, 1992 Published
	ID: NAM_1992_DHS_v01_M Collection: DHS Modified on: 07/01/2013 Edit Delete
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	 Demographic and Health Survey 2000 Namibia, 2000
	ID: NAM_2000_DHS_v01_M Collection: CENTRAL DHS Modified on: 07/01/2013 Edit Remove
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	 Demographic and Health Survey 2006-2007 Namibia, 2006 - 2007 1 pending requests
	ID: NAM_2006_DHS_v01_M Collection: CENTRAL DHS Modified on: 07/01/2013 Edit Remove

Select number of records to show per page: Showing 1-4 of 4

4.4 Manage Studies

There are 2 Options to get studies into the new catalog:

4.4.1 Option 1:

- The first is to upload a DDI and all its resources to the collection in the same way as described in the earlier section – Uploading a Study. Except instead of choosing Central Catalog chose the collection you want to upload the study to.
- Click on the Add Study button and upload a DDI and RDF and all your resources as described in the earlier section – Uploading a Study
- Once a study is added in this way it displays in the Manage Studies list. Notice that the collection summary field shows that the study belongs to (is Owned By) the DHS collection (this was the Short name defined in the example when the Health Surveys Collection was created).
- Also, note that the new study also appears in the Central Data Catalog

All studies uploaded to collections will automatically be added to the Central Data Catalog in order to build a common search portal for all studies.

4.4.2 Option2:

Copying studies from one collection to another

- The second way to add a study to a collection is to Copy the study from another collection into the new collection.
- To copy a study already in the catalog to display in the new collection first make sure to be in the Manage Studies section for the collection you want to put studies into. To do this either use the Studies – Manage studies menu on the top or simply click on the Switch link next to the Manage Studies [Collection Title] heading.
- Then Click on the Copy Studies blue button at the top right.
- A list of all studies available to copy to the new collection is listed. Simply click on the Link button in green to copy the study to the collection. The button will turn red and say Unlink. To reverse the process and click the now red button.
- Going back to the Manage Studies page for the collection will show the newly copied studies in the collection list. Also note that the Collection field now indicated DHS next to Central. DHS is in grey to indicate it is not owned (it is a copy) by that collection and the Central is in blue to show it is owned by the Central Data Catalog. Also note that because the study is not owned by this catalog it cannot be edited from this catalog – hence the publish/unpublish green button is absent for the copied studies

4.5 Managing Licensed Requests

Datasets that are assigned the Access Type Licensed require approval from the NADA administrator before the user can get access to the data files. From the site administration there are a number of ways to see if any licensed requests have been received.

- Go to the dashboard. Pending requests show up as red in the catalog quick summary section. Clicking on this link goes to the Licensed Survey Requests management page.

CENTRAL DATA CATALOG

Catalog contains 2 studies

Owned: 2	Published: 2
Linked: 0	Unpublished: 0

1

PUF with no data files

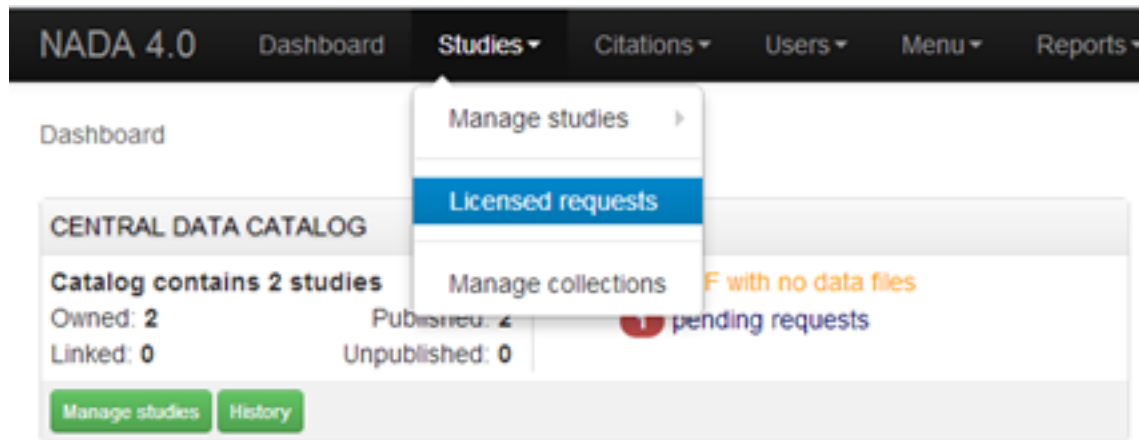
1

pending requests

←

Manage studies
History

- Or go to the Studies link on the top menu and select Licensed Requests from the submenu.



The link shows a page with a list Licensed Requests received. The status column indicated the Pending requests.

Licensed Survey Requests

Batch actions Showing 1-1 of 1

<input type="checkbox"/>	Repository	Title	Requested By	Status	Date	Actions
<input type="checkbox"/>	CENTRAL	Namibia - Demographic and Health Survey 2006-2007 - 2006	demo demo	Pending	06-28-2013	Edit Delete

Showing 1-1 of 1

- Click on the Edit link for to process a request.

The Request information tab shows a summary of the information provided by the applicant.

Edit licensed request

Request information	Process	Communicate	Monitor	Forward request		
Request information		Request status: Pending Request ID: 1, Dated: Fri, Jun/28/2013 23:11:38				
First Name	Demo					
Last Name	Demo					
Organization	IHSN					
Email	demo@ihnsn.org					
Dataset requested	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>Namibia - Demographic and Health Survey 2006-2007 NAM_2006_DHS_v01_M</td> </tr> </table>				1	Namibia - Demographic and Health Survey 2006-2007 NAM_2006_DHS_v01_M
1	Namibia - Demographic and Health Survey 2006-2007 NAM_2006_DHS_v01_M					

- To Approve or Deny or request further information for the request. Click on the Process tab.

Request information
Process
Communicate
Monitor
Forward request

Request status: *Pending*

Select action ☒ Approve ☐ Deny ☐ Request more information ☐ Cancel authorization

Grant access to licensed data files

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	File	Download limit	Expiry
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	popstan_2010_hld.dta	<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="07/31/2013"/>
To change all settings at once, fill the boxes and click apply.		<input type="text" value="3"/>	<input type="text" value="07/31/2013"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/>

Comments *(comments will be visible to the user)*

[View request history](#)

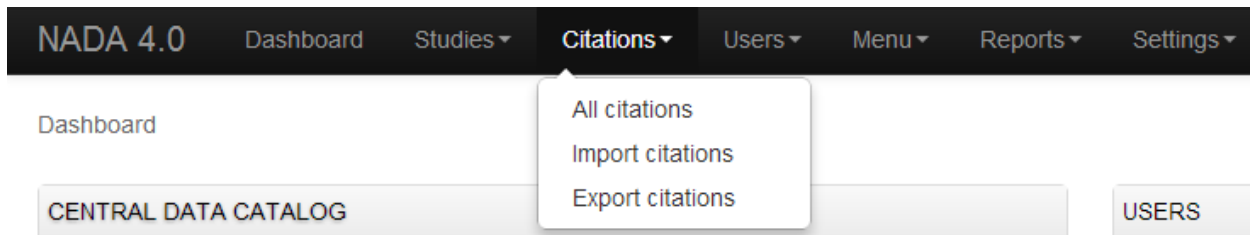
☒ **Notify user by email**

- Select Approve to approve the request. (other options include Deny as well as Request more information from the applicant).
- Select the files that the user will be authorized to download – it is also possible to enter a maximum number of downloads and expiry date for downloads.
- Enter any comments to be sent to the applicant
- Select Notify user by email to notify them that the application has been processed.
- Select Update.
- **The remaining tabs:**
 - Communicate - provides a means to ask for more information from the applicant
 - Monitor – allows the administrator to see when and how many times the applicant downloaded the data
 - Forward Request – provides a means to forward the request to another person for review.

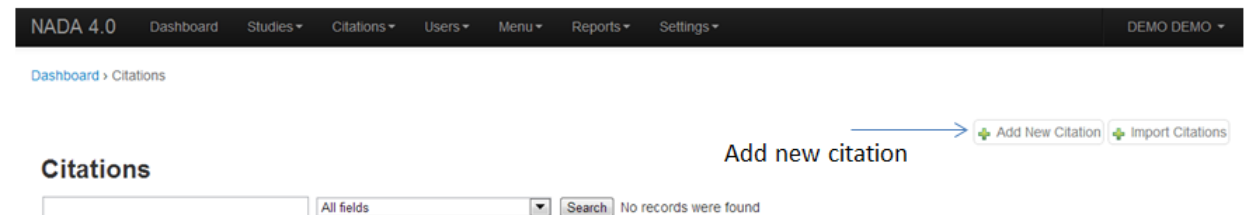
4.6 Manage Citations

The Citations section is where bibliographic references can be added for publications that use any of the studies in the catalog. These citations can be linked to particular studies in the catalog and are displayed to the users of the system in the study information view of the relevant study.

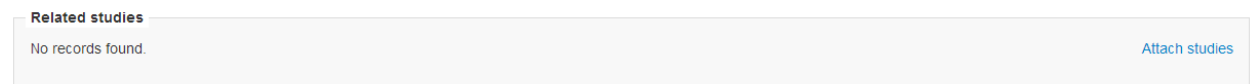
Citations are added from the Citations menu.



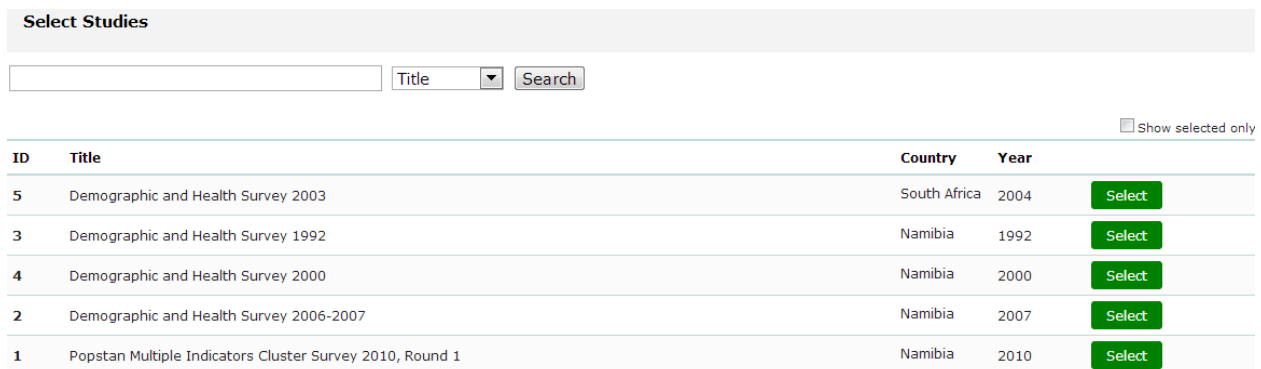
- To add a citation - click on All citations then click on the Add New Citation button at the top right.



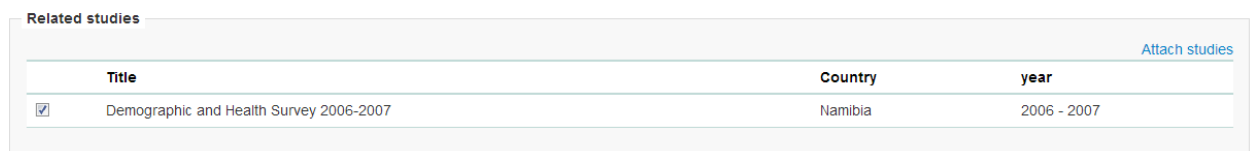
- Complete the form including the indication as to whether the citation should be published or not.
- Then expand the Related studies link to tell the system which studies the citation “belongs” to.



- Click on the Attach studies link. This reveals a list of all studies in the catalog.



- Select the relevant studies by clicking on the green Select button.
- Click on the apply filter button to save the changes. The study now appears in the related studies box.



- Click on the submit button to save the citation.
- Note: the flag, keywords and notes fields can be used by administrators to place extra notes only visible to other administrators that might prove useful when there is uncertainty about a citations appropriateness or accuracy.
- It is also possible to import citations in common citation formats such as BibTex and EndNote (RIS).
- To do this use the Import Citations link from the top menu

NADA 4.0 Dashboard Studies Citations Users Menu Reports Settings

Dashboard > Citations > import_citations

- All citations
- Import citations
- Export citations

Import Citations

- Paste the BibTeX or RIS text into the form and then at the bottom of the screen click on Attach studies to link the citation to a particular study in the catalog.

Import Citations

Select citation import format
BibTex

Paste citation text

Paste BibTex → `representative household survey),
author={Fettrifor, Audrey E and Rees, Helen V and Kleinschmidt, Immo and Steffenson, Annie E and MacPhail,
Catherine and Hlongwa-Madikizela, Lindiwe and Vermaak, Kerry and Fadian, Nancy S},
journal={Aids},
volume={19},
number={14},
pages={1525--1534},
year={2005},
publisher={LWW}
}`

Publish → Publish

Flag citation(s) as
--

Related studies

	Title	Country	year
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Demographic and Health Survey 2003	South Africa	2003 - 2004

Select Studies → Attach studies

Submit Cancel

- The citation now appears in the citation list as well as on the study information page for the relevant studies.

Citations

Search

Batch actions Apply Showing 1-1 of 1

<input type="checkbox"/>	Type	Title	Date	Published	Created	Modified	Actions
<input type="checkbox"/>	Journal Article	Young people's sexual health in South Africa: HIV prevalence and sexual behaviors from a nationally representative household survey	2005	✓	07/02/2013	07/02/2013	Edit Delete

Select number of records to show per page: 5 Showing 1-1 of 1

Owner name Related studies are attached No related studies are attached Entry has notes Flagged

4.7 Managing Users and account types

Users in the NADA can be defined according to three broad groups:

General Users– this is the normal user who registers on a NADA site from the user interface. This user type has no access to the site administration. It is required to register as a user before being granted access to public use and licensed data types.

Site Administrators (unlimited) – this user has access to all functions and all collections within the Site Administration. System wide access.

Limited Administrators – these administrators have access to a limited set of functions within the Site Administration. Examples would be an administrator of a specific collections, or licensed survey reviewer for all or only some collections, or report generator, or citation manager etc.

4.7.1 Creating User accounts

User accounts can be created in two ways:

- A. A General User account can be created by a user directly from the register screen from the login link on the user interface of the application.

Log in

Email Address:

Password:

Login

Register

Forgot password

Information you provide by registering or login to our catalog will be used in compliance with the terms of the World Bank Privacy Policy.

The user created by this process has no access to the site administration. This account can only be used to apply and gain access to public and licensed datasets.

- B. A user account can also be created by a Site Administrator.
 - To do this login as a Site Administrator
 - Go to the site administration section of the application.

- Select Users – Add user from the top menu.

Log in

Email Address:

Password:

Login

[Register](#)

[Forgot password](#)

Information you provide by registering or login to our catalog will be used in compliance with the terms of the [World Bank Privacy Policy](#).

- Fill in the information for the user in the form and be sure to mark the account status as Active. Then click the Create button.

Create new user account

Username*

Email Address*

First Name*

Last Name*

Company

Phone

Country



Password*

Password Confirm*

User account status?



Active



Blocked

- Note that the user always starts off as a General User with no access permissions to the Site Administration. The user group column displays as empty for users with only general user accounts.
- To see a list of all users in the system go to the Users – All Users menu item at the top of the screen.

Dashboard > Users

User Management

Showing 1-3 of 3

<input type="checkbox"/>	Username	Email Address	User group	Status	Country	Joined	Last login	Actions
<input type="checkbox"/>	demo demo	demo@ihnsn.org	admin	ACTIVE	United States	06-28-2013	07-02-2013	Edit Delete Permissions
<input type="checkbox"/>	health_licensed	Health_Licensed@ihnsn.org		ACTIVE	United States	07-02-2013	-	Edit Delete Permissions
<input type="checkbox"/>	health_reviewer	Health_Reviewer@ihnsn.org		ACTIVE	United States	07-02-2013	-	Edit Delete Permissions

Showing 1-3 of 3

- Note: the new users created have no User group assigned (they are general users). Also note the Actions column on the far right. From these links an account can be edited (including changing the password and blocking an account), deleted and Permissions managed for the account.

4.7.2 Managing User Account Permissions

User accounts permissions can be only be set and changed by a Site Administrator. To change the permissions for an account:

- Click on the Permissions link next to the account to be changed. All accounts start of as General users accounts

Edit user permissions - Health Licensed

Site level permissions

☒ **General user accounts (no admin access)**

General site users with no access to site administration

☒ User

General user account with no access to site administration

☐ **Site administrators (full access)**

Full control over all site sections

☐ **Site administrators (limited access)**

Limit user access to the site administration and control permissions per collection for the user

[Cancel](#)

- To change this user to a full site administrator who will have full system wide access to all parts and functions of the NADA administration select the Site administrators (full access) option and tick the admin box as well. Click update to save the changes.

Edit user permissions - Health Licensed

– Site level permissions

☐ **General user accounts (no admin access)**

General site users with no access to site administration

☒ **Site administrators (full access)**

Full control over all site sections

☒ admin

It is the site administrator and has access to all site content

☐ **Site administrators (limited access)**

Limit user access to the site administration and control permissions per collection for the user

[Cancel](#)

4.7.3 Collection level administrators

- To create a user who only has permissions to administer studies or administration functions for a particular collection. Select Site administrators (limited access)

Edit user permissions - Health Licensed

— Site level permissions —

☒ **General user accounts (no admin access)**

General site users with no access to site administration

☐ **Site administrators (full access)**

Full control over all site sections

☒ **Site administrators (limited access)**

Limit user access to the site administration and control permissions per collection for the user

☐ **Collection administrators**

Users can manage and review studies for collections they are assigned to

☐ **Report viewer**

Can only generate/view reports

☐ **Citation manager**

has full control over the citations

☐ **Global Licensed Reviewer**

This account can review licensed data requests from all collections

[Cancel](#)

- It is then necessary to assign a role to this new limited administrator account. To create a limited access administrator for a particular collection – select Site administrators (limited access) and then select Collection administrators. Notice: The form expands to reveal a list of collections in the system.
- Select the appropriate level of access that this account will have for this collection. In the example below an administrator is being created who can manage only licensed requests for the collection – Health Surveys. This account will not be able to upload or publish studies. The account will only be able to process licensed requests for the collection – Health Surveys.

☒ **Site administrators (limited access)**

Limit user access to the site administration and control permissions per collection for the user

- ☒ Collection administrators
Users can manage and review studies for collections they are assigned to
- ☐ Report viewer
Can only generate/view reports
- ☐ Citation manager
has full control over the citations
- ☐ Global Licensed Reviewer
This account can review licensed data requests from all collections

– Permissions per collection

Health Surveys

- ☐ Manage studies (full access)
Full control over the studies including adding, updating, publishing, copying from other collections, e
- ☐ Manage studies (limited access)
All access except can't publish or unpublish studies
- ☒ Manage licensed requests
Allows user to view and process licensed data requests for the collection
- ☐ Reviewer
Allows user to review studies from the front-end regardless of study publish/unpublish status

[Cancel](#)

Other levels of access for Site administrators (limited access) – Collection administrators include:

- A. Accounts that are given full access to manage studies
- B. Accounts that are given access to upload studies but not publish them
- C. Accounts that are limited to reviewing studies.

4.7.4 Global level Limited access accounts

Other types of limited access accounts include:

- A. Accounts that can only view system reports at a global level.
- B. Accounts that can only access the citations section and manage citations
- C. Accounts that can only access the Licensed Request management system – at the global level for all collections.

☒ Site administrators (limited access)

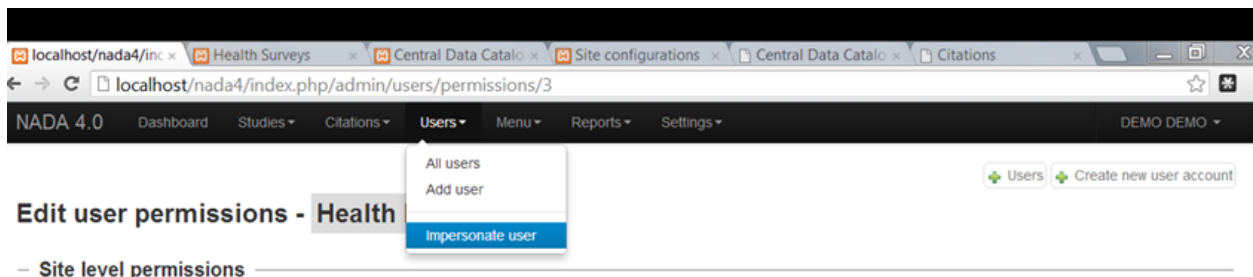
Limit user access to the site administration and control permissions per collection for the user

- ☒ Collection administrators
Users can manage and review studies for collections they are assigned to
- ☐ Report viewer
Can only generate/view reports
- ☐ Citation manager
has full control over the citations
- ☐ Global Licensed Reviewer
This account can review licensed data requests from all collections

Impersonating a user

The system includes a function that allows a Site Administrator to impersonate (take on the role) a user created in the system. This is a useful testing tool when creating users and assigning permissions. It essentially allows the administrator to take on the role of another user temporarily.

- To access the Impersonate User feature go to the Users – Impersonat user menu at the top of the screen



- A list of users to impersonate is shown.

Impersonate as another user

Select the account below to impersonate as:

- ☒ **Health Licensed** Health_Licensed@ihnsn.org
 - ☐ **Health Reviewer** Health_Reviewer@ihnsn.org
- [Cancel](#)

- Select the user to impersonate and click on the impersonate button.
- The dashboard view for the impersonated user now shows

NADA 4.0 Dashboard Studies ▾ HEALTH_LICENSED ▾

Dashboard

CENTRAL DATA CATALOG
Catalog contains 5 studies
Owned: 3 Published: 3
Linked: 2 Unpublished: 0
2 PUF with no data files
1 pending requests
Manage studies History

USERS
3 Active
0 Disabled
0 Inactive - never logged in
-2 Anonymous users viewing the site
3 Logged in: demo, demo, health_licensed, health_reviewer

COLLECTION: HEALTH SURVEYS
Collection contains 4 studies
Owned: 2 Published: 4
Linked: 2 Unpublished: 0
1 PUF with no data files
1 with no questionnaires
Manage studies Administrators History Edit collection

CACHE FILES
You have 2 cached files, [click here to clear cache.](#)

RECENTLY UPDATED STUDIES

DHS	Demographic and Health Survey 2003	Yesterday
DHS	Demographic and Health Survey 1992	Yesterday
CENTRAL	Demographic and Health Survey 2000	Yesterday
CENTRAL	Demographic and Health Survey 2006-2007	Yesterday
CENTRAL	Popstan Multiple Indicators Cluster Survey 2010, Round 1	4 days ago

- Note in the example above the account being impersonated is a Limited Account administrator with rights only to manage licensed requests for the Health Surveys Collection. Note that all other dashboard menus are either hidden or clicking on any other function other than manage studies results in an access denied message.
- This is a good way to test if the roles assigned to a user account have the expected results.
- To exit the impersonate mode and return to the Site Administrator role – Click on the top right menu and select Exit impersonate mode.

NADA 4.0 Dashboard Studies ▾ HEALTH_LICENSED ▾

Health Surveys
DHS

Manage studies Add study Bulk import DDI Copy stu

Dashboard > Health Surveys > Manage studies

Manage Studies [Health Surveys] [Switch](#)

- Exit impersonate mode
- Change Password
- Logout
- Home
- Data Catalog
- Citations

4.7.5 The Reviewer Limited access account

Sometimes it is desirable for catalog administrators to allow certain users to see a collection before it is published but without granting access to the site administration functions.

This is useful for getting feedback on the correctness of information on collections or studies before publishing.

To do this:

- First create an account for the user or get the user to create an account by using the register form on the login screen.
- Then edit the permissions for that user selecting Site Administrator (limited access) – Collection administrator
- Then for the appropriate collection select Reviewer and click update to save the changes

Edit user permissions - Health Reviewer

– Site level permissions

☐ **General user accounts (no admin access)**

General site users with no access to site administration

☐ **Site administrators (full access)**

Full control over all site sections

☒ **Site administrators (limited access)**

Limit user access to the site administration and control permissions per collection for the user

☒ **Collection administrators**

Users can manage and review studies for collections they are assigned to

☐ **Report viewer**

Can only generate/view reports

☐ **Citation manager**

has full control over the citations

☐ **Global Licensed Reviewer**

This account can review licensed data requests from all collections

– Permissions per collection

Health Surveys

☐ **Manage studies (full access)**

Full control over the studies including adding, updating, publishing, copying from other collections, etc.

☐ **Manage studies (limited access)**

All access except can't publish or unpublish studies

☐ **Manage licensed requests**

Allows user to view and process licensed data requests for the collection

☒ **Reviewer**

Allows user to review studies from the front-end regardless of study publish/unpublish status

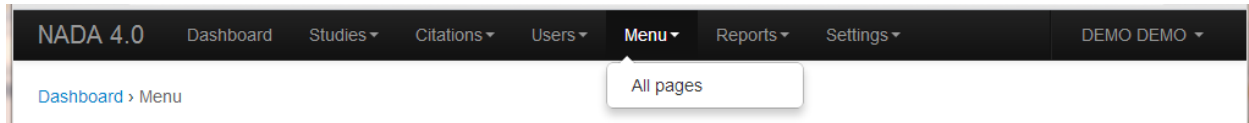
- The newly created reviewer account user can now view all studies in a collection even if the study or collection is unpublished.

4.8 Manage Site Pages and Menus

The NADA has a small content management component that allows for the creation of menu pages to appear on the user interface.

- Examples of menus that might be useful for users of the site might be: A page dealing with the dissemination policies of the organization or perhaps a page with contact information for the information.

New menu items and pages can be created via the Menu- All pages menu link at the top of the Site Administration page.



- Select All pages from the menu.

[Dashboard](#) > [Menu](#)

[Add New Page](#) [Add New Link](#) [Reorder Menu](#)

Menu Management

All fields Search

Batch actions Apply Showing 1-2 of 2

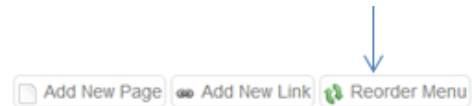
<input type="checkbox"/>	Title	URL	Type	Published	Modified	Actions
<input type="checkbox"/>	Data Catalog	catalog			03-22-2011	Edit Delete
<input type="checkbox"/>	Citations	citations			08-10-2010	Edit Delete

Showing 1-2 of 2

- To add a new page click on the Add New Page button
- Give the page a Title in the Title field
- Clicking in the URL field will automatically suggest a name for the page in the URL
- Enter the contents for the page in the Body section. Plain text or HTML is accepted by this field.
- Then indicate if the page should be published or not in the Publish dropdown
- The Weight field tells the NADA in what order this menu item should display. E.g. 0 would be first, 1 second and 2 third.
- Click on Update to save the changes.
- View the changes from the user interface: In this Example a Contact Us page was created.



- It is also possible from the Menu Management screen to add a menu link that links to an existing page on another site (rather than creating a page itself).
- To change the order in which the menu items display on the user interface, use the Reorder Menu button on the Menu Management screen.

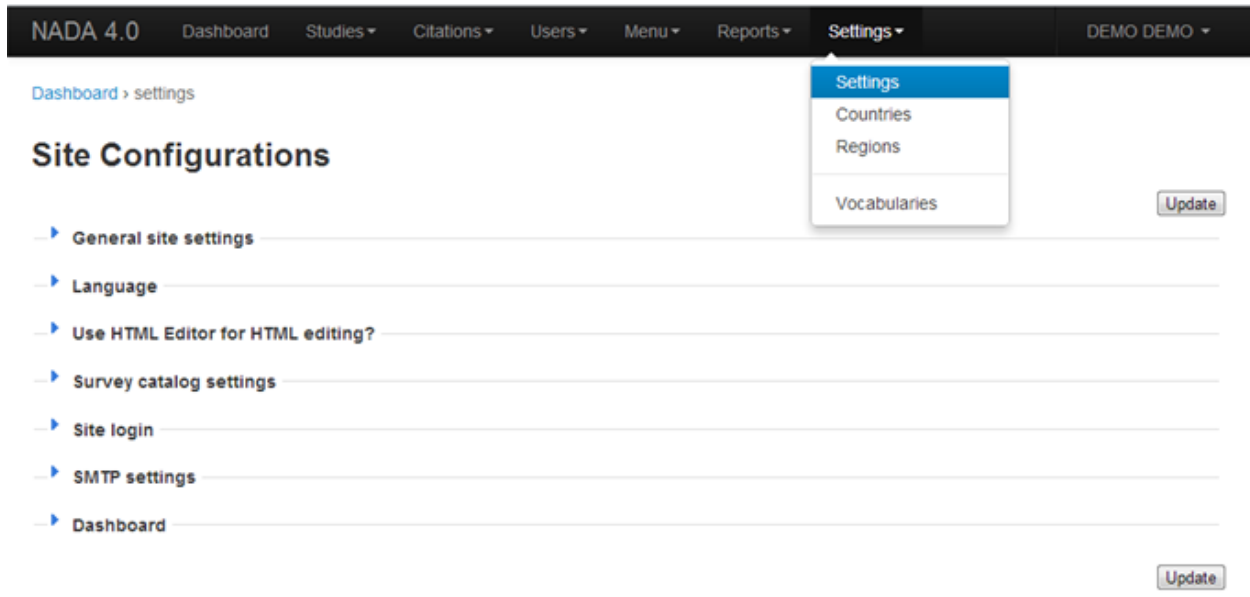


Form has been updated successfully!

Menu Management

4.9 The Site Settings Page

All settings for the application are controlled via the Settings menu at the top of the Site Administration page. There are seven main settings sections: See screenshot below.



4.9.1 General Settings

General site settings

A	Website title	<input type="text" value="NADA"/>	
B	Website footer	<input type="text" value="Powered by NADA 3.2 and DDI"/>	
C	Default home page	<input type="text" value="catalog"/>	<i>Provide the name of the page e.g. catalog or home or about</i>
D	Webmaster name	<input type="text" value="noreply"/>	
E	Webmaster email	<input type="text" value="webmaster@example.com"/>	
F	Cache folder	<input type="text" value="/cache"/>	✓
G	Cache expiration time	<input type="text" value="7200"/>	<i>Provide time in mili seconds for expiring cached items e.g. 7200=2 hours</i>
H	Disable caching	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	<i>Caching speeds up page load but uses additional disk space</i>

A. Type the Title of the site here: This will become the front page title of the NADA site. In this case the Title is

NADA

NADA

[Data Catalog](#) [Citations](#) [Contact Us](#)

Showing 1-5 of 5 studies

Select number of records to show per page: 15 30 50 100

Powered by NADA 3.2 and DDI

B. The footer text can be changed in this field. This displays at the bottom of your site page.

C. The initial page that loads when a user visits the NADA site can be set here. In this case the catalog page is set to open by default.

D. The name of the webmaster can be set here. This is the name that will be used in system emails sent to users.

E. Enter the webmaster email address here. This should be the address that will be used in communication with users. Typically this is a general enquiries email set up by the organization and not a personal email address for a particular person. Note: to avoid mail systems rejecting mail as spam make sure to enter an address here that is on the same domain as the server used in the email settings at setup.

F. This field sets the location of the Cache folder. The cache folder stores pre-generated pages of the site to allow for faster browsing by the user. By default it is set to `./cache`. This can be moved to another location if desired but must be writable. The green tick indicates that the folder can be found and is set up correctly. Enter either relative or absolute paths to the folder location.

G. Set the time that the Cache takes to expire. By default it is set to 2 hours (in milli seconds).

H. If it is desired to turn off caching then select no here. Sometimes it is useful to turn off caching when developing or updating a site so as to ensure that content changes become immediately visible on the front-end without having to wait for the cache to expire and the new changes to show. Turn this back on to speed up page loading for users.

Click update to save all settings.

Language

To change the language of the application expand the language section and choose the desired language. Click update to save and apply the setting.

Site Configurations

General site settings

Update

Language

Language

english
arabic
chinese
english
english_ddp
english_microdata
french
mongolian
russian
spanish

Use HTML Editor for HTML

Survey catalog settings

Site login

SMTP settings

Dashboard

Update

Enable or disable the HTML editor

A basic HTML editor is provided in the menu and page creating section of the application. This setting allows this to be turned on or off.

Use HTML Editor for HTML editing?

Use HTML editor

☒ Yes ☐ No

Survey catalog settings

The screenshot shows the 'Survey catalog settings' form. On the left, there are blue star-shaped callouts labeled A through J. The form contains the following settings:

- A** Catalog folder: ✓ This folder is for storing DDI and related files
- B** DDI import folder: ✓ Folder to look for DDI files for importing in bulk
- C** Select topic vocabulary: Select the vocabulary to use for Topics classification
- D** Regional filter: ☒ Enable ☐ Disable
- E** Topic filter: ☒ Enable ☐ Disable
- F** Year filter: ☒ Enable ☐ Disable
- G** Collection filter: ☒ Enable ☐ Disable
- H** Data access filter: ☐ Enable ☒ Disable
- I** Weights control the order of the filters. Filters are sorted by weights in ascending order.
 - Data access filter:
 - Regional filter:
 - Topic filter:
 - Year filter:
 - Collection filter:
- J** Catalog search page size: Number of records to show on the catalog search page

- A. This is the folder where the files for the study are stored on the server. This includes the DDI, external resources and data files. This folder can be moved to a location outside the web root as described in the installation instructions in Chapter 1. Enter either relative or absolute paths to the folder location.
- B. This is the folder where DDI's can be placed in order to use the bulk study import function in the NADA. In NADA3 files had to be physically copied to this folder on the server, but this is no longer necessary in NADA 4. Files can now be directly uploaded to this folder from the Site Administration – Manage Studies page page.
- C. Select the vocabulary to use for the topic filter. By default this is set to the CESSDA classification as recommended in the IHSN templates supplied at IHSN.org for the Nesstar Metadata Publisher.
- D. Enable or disable the Country filter on the user interface search page here. If the catalog only contains studies for one country then turning this filter off is recommended.
- E. Enable or disable the Topic filter on the user interface search page here. If no topics have been defined in the DDI's being uploaded then it is recommended to turn this filter off (disable).
- F. Enable or disable the Year filter on the user interface search page here.

- G. Enable or disable the Collection filter on the user interface search page here. If no collections have been defined then it is recommended to disable this filter.
- H. Enable or disable the Data access filter on the user interface search page here. This filter is not needed if there are very few studies in the catalog or if all studies have set to the same access type.
- I. This section controls the order in which the filters appear on the search page. Enter numbers here that rank the order of the filters in the order they should be displayed.
- J. This setting determines how many studies are displayed by default to the user on the search page – catalog view.

Site Login settings



Site login

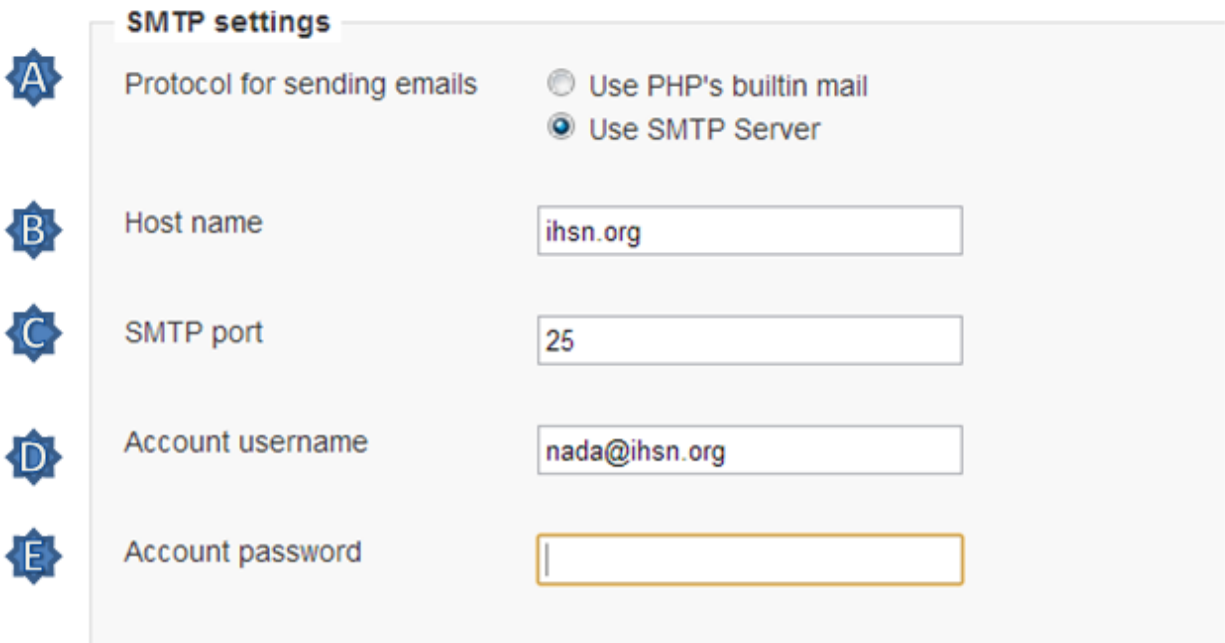
A Password protected website ☐ Requires all users to login to access the website
☒ Login is not required to view the site

B Login timeout (in minutes)

C Minimum password length

- A. To require that users login before being able to access the website set this option to Requires all users to login to access the website.
- B. Determined how long a user will stay logged in. After this time the user will be automatically logged out.
- C. Sets the minimum length for passwords created by the users at registration or for manual user creation.

SMTP Settings



SMTP settings

A Protocol for sending emails ☐ Use PHP's builtin mail
☒ Use SMTP Server

B Host name

C SMTP port

D Account username

E Account password

- A. If the PHP/web server is configured to send email using PHP's MAIL function, select the first option and don't fill in anything else.

If your organization has a mail server and has have a dedicated account that can be setup for NADA, use the following settings: Check the radio button “Use SMTP Server”

- B. Enter the host name for the server
- C. Enter the port used by the server to send mail
- D. If required, enter the user name used to send mail on the server
- E. Enter the password used to send mail on the server

If the organization does not own a mail server, a Gmail account can be configured to be used with NADA.

- Check the radio button “Use SMTP Server”
- Host name: `ssl://smtp.googlemail.com` or `ssl://smtp.gmail.com`
- SMTP port: 465
- Account username: `email-address@gmail.com`
- Account password: password for the gmail account

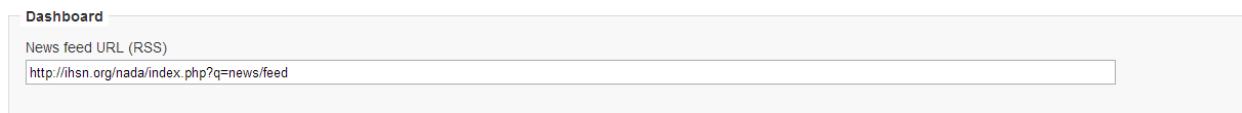
- F. Test the email settings

The quickest way to test if the email settings are working is to use the “forgot password” option from the user login page. If no mail is received when doing this test then go back and correct the mail settings. Check with the ISP or server administrator for the correct settings.

*Click on update to save all settings

4.9.2 Dashboard setting

Provides a means to automatically have content loaded into the dashboard via an RSS feed from a site. The default setting is set to receive updates and news from the IHSN website.



The screenshot shows a web form titled "Dashboard". Inside the form, there is a label "News feed URL (RSS)" followed by a text input field. The input field contains the URL "http://ihsn.org/nada/index.php?q=news/feed".

4.10 Backup and Restore

4.10.1 Backup

To backup NADA, you need to backup the database and NADA application directory separately.

Backup NADA Database

Depeding on your database type, follow the steps below to create a backup.

- Backup and restore MySQL database
- Backup and restore Microsoft SQL Server database

Backup and restore MYSQL database

Depending on your hosting environment, you can backup and restore a MYSQL database using the following methods:

- Command line tools mysqldump and mysqlimport
- MySQLWorkBench GUI
- PHPMYADMIN

a) Backup and restore using MySQL via command line

MySQL provides a command line tool called MYSQLDUMP. This should be included with your installation of MYSQL.

Steps to use MYSQLDUMP:

- Depending on your operating system, open the command line or shell terminal. For Windows, open the command window “cmd.exe” or “Command Prompt” from the start menu.
- Run the following command to backup the database:

```
mysqldump -u dbuser -p [db_name] > [dumpfilename.sql]
```

-u - is the user name for the database

-p - enter the password or leave it empty to enter password in interactive mode

[db_name] - put the nada database name

[dumpfilename.sql] - enter the output file name

Example: Exports the database **nada4** into a file **nada4.sql**

```
mysqldump -u root -p nada4 > nada4.sql
```

Note: For more information about using the command, see: <https://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.6/en/mysqldump.html>

Steps to restore a database backup using MYSQLIMPORT

- From the command line, run the command:

```
mysqlimport -u [user name] -p[password] [db_name] [db_backup.sql]
```

-u - is the user name for the database

-p - enter the password or leave it empty to enter password in interactive mode

[db_name] - database name where the backup will be restored to

[db_backup.sql] - enter the backup file name

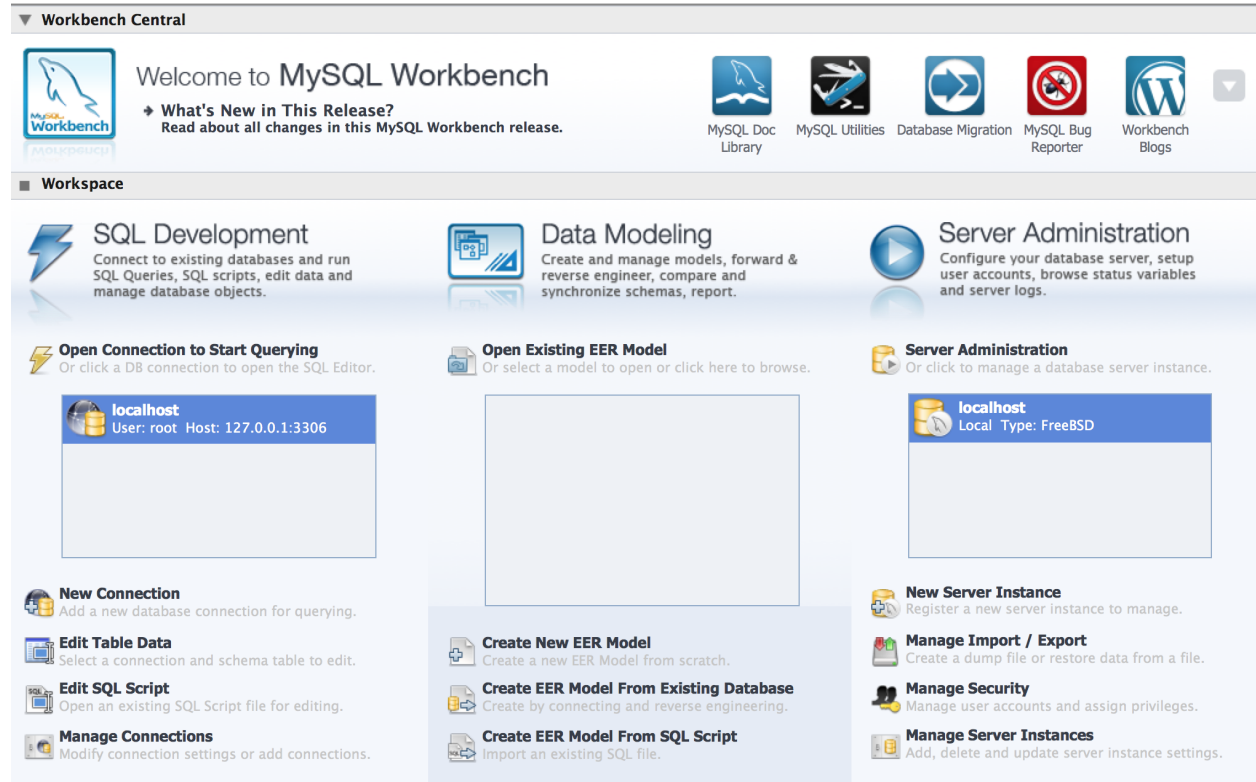
Note: For more information about using the tool, read: <http://dev.mysql.com/doc/refman/5.6/en/mysqlimport.html>

b) Backup database using MySQLWorkBench

MySQLWorkBench (<https://www.mysql.com/products/workbench/>) is a free tool available for various operating systems and provides a visual tool for database administration. To download the software, visit: <https://www.mysql.com/products/workbench/>

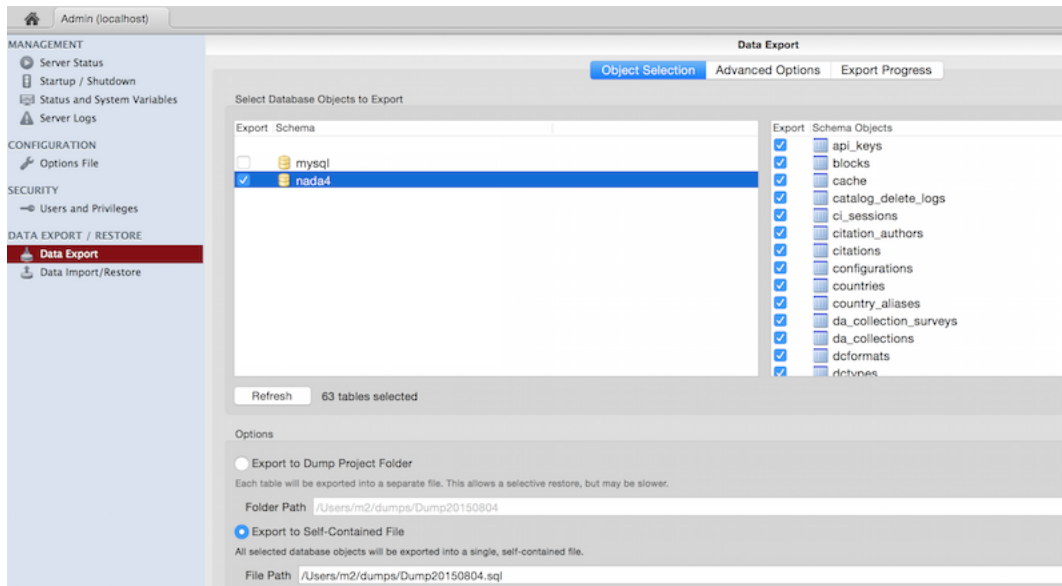
To backup using MySQLWorkBench, follow the steps:

- i) Launch the MySQL WorkBench application
- ii) On launching the application for first time, you will need to setup a “New Server Instance”. This is needed to setup a connection to the database to run queries and backup/restore databases.



Steps to Create New Server Instance:

- i) Select New Server Instance option within Server Administrator.
- ii) Provide connection details such as the database server host name, user name, password to access the database.
- iii) Test the database connection and save it as new instance.
- iv) Double click on Server instance you have created OR Click on Manage Import/Export option and Select Server Instance.
- v) Under “Server Administration”, you have the options to import and export database.
- vi) To backup an existing database:



Select “Data Export” under DATA EXPORT/RESTORE. Select the database for export and then pick the option at the bottom “Export to Self-Contained File”, take note of the file path as this is where the backup file will be created. Now click on the “Start Export” button to export the database.

Restore a database using MySQLWorkBench

To restore the database, use the menu option “Data Import/Restore” under the DATA EXPORT/RESTORE. The steps to import are:

- i) Click on the option “Import from Self-Contained File” and then provide the path to the backup file (.sql).
- ii) Default target Schema option: You can either leave it empty or fill in with the name of the database where you want the backup to be restored. If you provide a name of an existing database, the backup will overwrite the existing database.

5.1 Data Deposit Installation

NADA includes the data deposit as of V5.0.4. The data deposit is not installed by default and must be installed and enabled manually.

5.1.1 Install data deposit database

- Run the SQL from the file *install/schema.dd.mysql.sql* on your NADA database. This will create all the tables used by the data deposit.

5.1.2 Enable data deposit

- To enable data deposit, edit the configuration file *application/config/datadeposit.php*.
- Change the setting **enable_datadeposit** to **TRUE**:

```
$config['datadeposit']['enable_datadeposit'] = TRUE;
```

- Save the file.
- Open web browser and navigate to **your-nada-web-folder/datadeposit** to see data deposit frontend.

5.2 Data Deposit User Guide [DRAFT]

5.2.1 About Data Deposit

Agencies and organizations that manage data archives may receive data and metadata from multiple sources. It is important to organize these data deposits to:

- Ensure that all necessary data and metadata are provided
- Minimize the costs of receiving and documenting the datasets for publication
- Maintain information on what is deposited, by whom, and when
- Provide the person or agency who deposits the data with the opportunity to inform the data archive about access restrictions
- Provide the depositor with a “receipt” indicating what has been deposited

The Data Deposit tool is DDI-compliant, open-source software which can be used as part of the NADA package or as a stand-alone tool. It will be useful to agencies that want to implement a simple, user-friendly, yet powerful and secure on-line system for acquiring datasets.

5.2.2 Data Deposit Frontend

This is the part of the application that is used by the depositors to deposit metadata and/or data.

My Projects

Create New Project

DRAFT

Demographic and Health Survey 2017

-

Created by: Mehmood Asghar Last modified on: Jul 19,2019 Edit Summary Delete

DRAFT

Early Years Preschool Program Impact Evaluation 2018, Midline Survey

description goes here

Created by: Mehmood Asghar Last modified on: Apr 05,2017 Edit Summary Delete

A data deposit project is composed of:

- Project information
- Detailed project description based on the DDI fields. The form includes over 50+ fields. However, there are only 3 required fields that the user must fill, the rest are optional. The form allows the user to change the form settings to display all, recommended or mandatory fields.
- File uploads - for uploading data files, questionnaires, reports and any other documentation
- Citations
- Data classification

Demographic and Health Survey 2017

PENDING TASKS

STUDY DESCRIPTION

▲ Fill 2 mandatory field(s)

UPLOAD FILES

✔ 1 files attached

CITATIONS

✔ 1 citation(s) attached

MY PROJECTS

- Demographic and Health Survey 2017 (draft)
- Early Years Preschool Program Impact Evaluation 2018, Midline Survey (draft)

1 Project Information

2 Study Description (You are here)

3 Data files and other Resources

4 Citations (optional)

5 Review and Submit

Study description

Please complete the fields in each of the sections below. Providing detailed information here will speed up the process of publishing the study. It also makes it easier for users of the data to find the information they need and thus lessen the need for users to contact the data producer for clarification. Only three fields are mandatory for the submission process. If time or information available does not allow for the completion of all fields then we request that at least the mandatory and recommended fields be completed.

Settings ▾

➤ Import Metadata

🔍 Expand All

🔍 Collapse All

Identification

Version

Overview

Scope

Once a project is submitted, it is locked for any further changes. The system emails receipt of the data deposit to the depositor and the site administrators receive notification of a new deposit.

The application also allows users to:

- Specify collaborators who can access, edit the deposit project and receive updates about it
- Copy information from existing projects to new projects
- Generate ddi, rdf, print preview and email email project content for review
- Monitor the deposit from submission to publication

5.2.3 Data Deposit Site Admin (backend)



Data Deposit includes a backend for managing projects submitted by users. To access the backend, go to *Site administration > Data Deposit* or navigate to the URL *admin/datadeposit*.

NADA 5.0 [Dashboard](#) [Studies ▾](#) [Citations ▾](#) [Users ▾](#) [Menu ▾](#) [Reports ▾](#) [Settings ▾](#) [Data Deposit](#) CATALOG ADMIN

Data Deposit Projects

[View all](#) [Draft](#) [Submitted](#) [Processed](#) [Accepted](#) [Closed](#)

Total projects found: 1640

Status	Title	Changed	Created	Creator	
ACCEPTED	test test	07-22-2019	07-22-2019	ADMIN	Assign Edit Delete
ACCEPTED	Malaria Indicator Survey 2018 MOZ MIS 2018	07-22-2019	07-22-2019	Tefera	 Assign Edit Delete
ACCEPTED	Service Provision Assessment 2017-2018 HTI SPA 2017-18	07-22-2019	07-22-2019	Tefera	 Assign Edit Delete

The data deposit admin provides the following features:

- Assign a project to another admin for processing
- Process/review submitted projects
- Export the project to DDI/XML
- Contact depositor for questions or additional information

CHAPTER 6

Indices and tables

- `genindex`
- `modindex`
- `search`